The Columbian.

VOL 43. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY SEPTEMBER 9, 1909. NO 36.

WHEN YOU WANT TO

Open a Bank Account Have a Check Cashed

Borrow Money, or Make an Investment

CALL ON THE OLD RELIABLE -

The Farmers National Bank

OF BLOOMSBURG

Capital, $60.000 Surplus $100,000

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3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

NORMAL SCHOOL OPENS.

Yesterday morning at ten o'clock the student body assembled in the Normal School chapel for the first time in the scholastic year of 1909-10. The members of the faculty were all on hand, and the alumni were well represented.

Dr. D. J. Waller, who led the chapel exercises, was greeted with an enthusiastic applause as he entered the stage. A second burst of enthusiasm followed later when he announced that the members of the senior class would not be required to spend their vacant periods in Study Hall.

It was a large number of faces that Dr. Waller looked down upon from the stage. The balcony was well filled by the senior class, and well nigh every seat was occupied by the lower classes down stairs.

After the chapel exercises, the remainder of the day was divided into short periods, for the various classes to report to the faculty, to have text books assigned and receive preliminary instructions. Regular classes began this morning.

The attendance this term is large. The dormitories, especially the girls', are taxed to their utmost capacity, and some students have been provided temporary quarters until other accommodations can be secured.

There are three hundred and seven boarders in the school, of whom ninety-six are boys, and two hundred and twelve girls. The number of day students is one hundred and seventy-three.

Mrs. Katherine L. Larrabee has resigned her position as custodian of Study Hall, and the position will be filled by Mr. E. J. Albertson, who for the past five years has been teaching in the Philippines.

PRISONER ESCAPES.

Wasyl Stakock of West Berwick was brought before the court on Tuesday morning charged with adultery. He is married and his wife is in the old country. For the past three years he has been living with Annie Olsheski, under a written agreement in which among other things the woman agreed to obey the wishes of Stakock.

He pleaded guilty, and on being called for sentence an interpreter stated that Wasyl thought this agreement was a marriage license, and that many of the foreigners in West Berwick were living under like arrangements.

Judge Evans sentenced him to pay the costs, a fine of $50, and stand committed until the sentence is complied with.

The prisoner was taken to the Sheriff's office, accompanied by the woman and her brother-in-law. The two latter went in and out the door several times, apparently in consultation, and the last time Wasyl went with them. The attention of Deputy Sheriff Maust was otherwise momentarily engaged, and when he looked for Wasyl he was missing. He was seen running past a house on First street by the family, but nothing was thought of it.

Immediate search was made for him, but up to this time no trace of the fugitive has been found.

HEAD OF BENTON SCHOOLS.

Mr. Bruce Albert has been elected Principal of the Benton schools, in place of Prof. E. E. Beare who resigned. Mr. Albert is a graduate of the Normal School and has already shown marked ability as an educator. He will fill his new position with credit to himself, and to the satisfaction of the public.

VETERANS' REUNION.

The 14th Annual Reunion of the Columbia County Veterans' Association will be held at Benton on Saturday, September 11th. Extensive arrangements have been made for a big time.

Invitations have been sent to every veteran on the roll, and to Camps of Sons of Veterans and P. O. S. of A.

The marshals of the parade will be Col. A. D. Seeley, of Berwick, W. O. Holmes, of Bloomsburg, and Charles Edson, of Benton.

Two bands will be present, and addresses will be made by Hon. John G. McHenry and Rev. W. I. Burrell, of Benton, and Senator Webster Grimm, of Bucks county.

The following program has been arranged:

MORNING SESSION.

The business session will be held at Association Headquarters in P. O. S. of A. Hall at 10 o'clock.

ORDER OF BUSINESS.

Called to order by President Karns
Prayer, Chaplain, W. R. Whitney.
Reading of minutes of last meeting.
Collection of dues.
Reading of number of deaths during the year.
Selection of place of next year's meeting.
Nomination and election of officers.

AFTERNOON SESSION.

Parade will form at 1 o'clock and after disbandment the afternoon exercises will be held in the Presbyterian church.

Prayer, - Rev. W. R. Whitney
Solo, - - Miss Leona Stiles
Address of Welcome, Rev. W. I. Burrell
Response, M. P. Lutz, Bloomsburg
Singing, Sons of Veterans Quartette of Bendertown.
Recitation, - - Fred Hosler
Address, Hon. John G. McHenry
Singing, Sons of Veterans Quartette of Bendertown.
Address, Senator Webster Grimm, of Bucks County.
Benediction, Rev. W. R. Whitney

FARMERS' TELEPHONE PICNIC.

A Farmers' Telephone Picnic will be held Saturday, September 11, 1909, at the new park, on Bowman's Island, one-fourth mile from Orangeville. Everybody is cordially invited. No one can afford to miss this opportunity of seeing the new park and meeting friends from all over the county. A good program has been arranged, including two prominent speakers.

The Orangeville Band has been secured to enliven the occasion. Stands will be convenient where sandwiches, coffee, ice cream, cake, cigars and soft drinks can be procured. There will be no regular dinner served, so take your basket.

Those going in wagons can reach the park by crossing Bowman's dam, and those going on the train can walk from the depot to the park which is but a short distance.

WILL MOVE HERE.

Rev. G. C. Zeigler who has been serving the congregations of the Christian churches at both Berwick and Bloomsburg has resigned the former charge, and will move to Bloomsburg. After he is established here, he will serve during the week the congregations at Millville and Rohrsburg.

FARMERS' PICNIC WAS LARGE.

The annual picnic of Farmers, held at Grass Mere Park last Thursday was a record-breaker. Eight hundred went up from Bloomsburg. The total attendance was estimated at seven to eight thousand.

——COMPTROLLER'S CALL.——

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business September 1st, 1909.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
U. S. Bonds - -	$100,000.00	Capital Stock, -	$100,000.00
Loans and Investments - -	562,806.99	Surplus and Profits	61,466.71
Furniture and Fixtures - -	8,000.00	Circulation - -	100,000.00
Cash and Reserve	107,723.69	Bank Deposits, -	7,907.67
		Individual Deposits	509,156.30
	$778,530.68		$778,530.68

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier. A. Z. SCHOCH, President

INJUDICIOUS CRITICISM.

Since the receipt of the report from Dr. Frederick A. Cook that he has discovered the North Pole, there has arisen a number of gentlemen, who have formerly gambolled about on the Arctic ice, who have assiduously been libating the discoverer's glory with water of low temperature. They have asserted that the feat reported to have been accomplished by the explorer was an impossible one; in short, that Dr. Cook is either a liar, or that the severe physical strain incident to the perilous journey so unbalanced his mind that he is laboring under a mental delusion that he has really found the Pole.

Now isn't it funny that nearly all of these ungenerous carpers are former Arctic explorers who were unsuccessful in their efforts to do the same thing that Dr. Cook has accomplished? They have voiced their malevolent sentiments without knowing anything of the observations, logs, and records that the returning traveler has brought back with him. Because they were unsuccessful in similar quests of their own, they claim that no other man could have outdone them.

This is foolishness, but every inventor, every explorer in the world's history, has had doubters to contend with in just this way, and in most cases the skeptics have been forced to acknowledge their opinions wrong.

Suppose that Dr. Cook is at fault, that he has made a mistake, and that his data prove in error. Would it not show better sense on the part of his critics to wait until this could be proved?

On the other hand, the discoverer has offered all his proof to any geographical society to inspect. He knows that a great deal of his data can be checked; he knew that Peary was in the same neighborhood; he knows now that Peary's records could disprove his own, were they false, and yet he is quite willing that a comparison should be made. He asks what reason he would have to invent a fictitious report, which could easily be disproved.

The King of Denmark has been first to pay homage to Dr. Cook; many foreign explorers of the Arctic and Antarctic regions have congratulated him; the President of the United States has cabled felicitations; the skeptics are few in number, but they have been making a loud noise. These detractors would gain much more credence if, after close examination of the explorer's reports they could disprove. Until they do that, it would be more judicious to preserve silence.

A FINE MANSION.

The new residence of Hon. John G. Harman is rapidly nearing completion, and it is expected that it will be ready for occupancy by October 1st. The grounds are now being graded by Geo. H. Keiter and a force of men.

This will be a fine property when completed.

MATCH FACTORY TO START SOON

Mr. Fear hopes that the Match Factory will be ready to start next Monday, but there have been some unexpected delays always incident to the erection of a large plant, that may postpone operations a little longer.

The Normal School opened its fall term on Tuesday with a large attendance.

SUNDAY SCHOOL CONFERENCE.

A conference of elementary Sunday School Workers, under the auspices of the Columbia County Sabbath School Association, will be held in the Methodist church, Bloomsburg, on Saturday, September 11th.

The following program has been prepared:

MORNING SESSION.

9:15 Devotional Rev. E. R. Heckman
9:30 Why We Are Here, Miss Eunice Spear County Primary Supt. North Side

CONFERENCES

9:45 The Beginners, Led by Miss Robison
10.30 The Primarians, Led by Miss Minnie Penman
11:15 The Juniors, Led by Mrs. Maude Junkin Baldwin Indiana State Primary Supt.
12:00 The Separate Apartment in the One Room Church, Miss Bertha Gilbert, County Primary Supt. South Side
12:15 Luncheon Hour.

AFTERNOON SESSION

1:15 Devotional, Rev. S. E. Dickson
1:30 Address, Mrs. Baldwin
2:00 Ideal Primary Session, Superintended by Mrs. A. L. Ent

The new graded lessons will be taught as follows:

Junior. - - Mrs. Baldwin
Primary, - Miss Louise Robbins
Beginners - Mrs. J. B. Nuss

3:00 Open Parliament.
3:45 Address, "Before He is Nine." Prof. O. H. Bakeless
4:30 Closing Address, Mr. Myron I. Low, Pres. Col. Co. S. S. Association

While this program is arranged especially for teachers of pupils under twelve years of age, all Sunday School workers are cordially invited.

A special invitation is extended to pastors and superintendents.

An offering will be lifted to aid in defraying expenses of conference

This will be a "basket meeting." That is, those in attendance will bring their own luncheon, and eat it at the church. A pleasant room will be at their disposal for the noon hour.

FORCE OF HABIT.

"What an awful habit it is to get a hold on you," said the Regular Attendant, the other day. "Why I don't feel as though the day was properly spent unless I indulge my taste for this fascinating pastime. At a certain hour every night the desire comes over me, and I can't resist it. It is as strong as the love for coca-cola or whiskey, and I can't break away from it. So every night I go to the moving picture show. Sometimes I see old pictures, but I am always pretty sure to see the same old faces in the audience regularly. There are others besides me who have the habit, evidently."

And the Regular Attendant fished down in his pocket for a nickle, and passed into the show.

JAILED FOR WHEAT THEFT.

Charged with the theft of a wagon containing twenty-one bushels of wheat, belonging to Levi Miller, of Mifflin township, Ward Ketcham and Charles Dresh, of near Berwick, were arrested last Thursday, and upon their confession were committed to jail.

MAIN STREET PAVING.

The proposition to pave Main street from Iron to East is not being allowed to slumber by the Town Council. The contract has been let and already the consent of most of the property owners has been obtained.

The Mifflinville property of J. R. Sutton, absconding tax collector of Berwick, is advertised at Sheriff's sale on Saturday, September 18th at the Court House.

You Don't Need Be Afraid of Your Shadow When You Wear

Our Clothes

If you would always look well, feel well, and be well leave it to us. We always give the best we can for your money. That's the reason we have enjoyed a generous share of the patronage of this section all these years.

You will be surprised how good a Suit you can buy at this store for $15 to $20.

We make your Suit here; slip one on out of our large stock, or measure you and send away and have it made.

TOWNSEND'S

CORNER

CLOTHING STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

HOW AUSTRALIA CARES FOR ORPHANS

A Real Home for Every One, with the State Acting as a Supervising Parent

HAVE NO ASYLUMS OVER THERE

Chicago Physicians Contrasts the Two Systems to the Great Disadvantage of Ours—The State's Guardian Hand—Reasonable and Humane.

Chicago.—Dr. Bayard Holmes, a Chicago physician, in an article entitled "A Continent Without an Orphan Asylum," attacks the methods of caring for orphans in the United States and lauds the Australian system as ideal. He says in part:

"In all things, social as well as geographical, is the Commonwealth of Australia antipodal to us. The common law of England prevails there, modified by 301 years of English and a less number of Australian common sense. Our statutes, if not our State Constitutions, make our common law rest where the English common law was in 1607. But more than this, Australia has a flexible Constitution, and a people who demand decent and reasonable legislation and its honest execution.

"This is illustrated most comprehensively by the treatment of the fatherless and motherless infant. In all this great continent embracing 3,000,000 square miles and this federation of seven commonwealths there is not an orphan or an orphan asylum, there is not a baby farm or a foundling asylum, there is not a private eleemosynary body exploiting the fatherless and motherless. No community in that great continent has its feelings, sentiments, or complacency outraged by periodic exposures of the enormous death rates in monastery-like structures where children are huddled in the name of charity.

"It is this way: Every fatherless and motherless child is a child of the State. The Children's Council, which is a department of State, at once provides a father and mother for the child of the State. Suppose a baby is found by the police. It is at once taken to the home of a woman designated by the Children's Council for ... service in that precinct. The ... day the child is taken before ... Judge of the Juvenile Court, when ... necessary legal records are made. ... proper officer of the Children's ... Council then places the child in the ... of a foster mother, who cares ... for and nurses the child.

"Every week the officer of the council visits the infant, and at regular intervals the council physician and a voluntary organization sends also its visitor with delicacies in the way of clothing. Records are kept at the office of the council, and the foster mother is paid from the treasury of the council a weekly stipend.

"As the infant grows older he is placed in a home, preferably in the country, where the same inspection continues and a smaller stipend is paid. The child goes to school and the teacher reports to the Children's Council as to a parent. At last the child hires out to work a part of each year. The salary is deposited in the Postal Savings Bank to the child's credit. The regular schooling continues, however. The child becomes ambitious, wishes to go a trade school or to a preparatory school. He applies to the Children's Council for permission to draw his savings from the bank for that purpose. The Council acts as a parent would.

"No more interesting or heart warming literature can be read than the formal and perfunctory reports of the Children's Council. But we go on here building stone and brick orphan asylums in which the death rate is incredible among the children. The Baptist, the Methodist, and every other Christian denomination still has its orphan asylum, conducted by a board, and funds are called for in the name of charity, if not in the name of Christ. The reports do not show the death rate, the terrible condition of the survivors mutilated by the infectious diseases and dwarfed by institutionalism.

"When these same children brought up in hotel-like structures arrive at an age when they ought to be self-supporting they are forced out into a world of which they know nothing. They cannot build a fire, fill or light a kerosene lamp, cook the simplest meal, or do the commonest chores. The boys cannot do the barn work, the girls cannot do the housework of a common home.

"Neither make good servants, and in the factory they can run only the simplest machines. They are neither strong, quick, nor well. They are irreparably unfitted for modern or other life.

"We are richer than Australia. Can't we be as reasonable and as humane? Every child is entitled to a mother, a father and a home."

Lives in Two Towns at Once.

Winsted, Conn.—Burr Beecher pays one-half of the taxes on his house to this town and on the other half to the town of Norfolk, because his home stands in both. He eats in one town and sleeps in the other. His bed is so situated in an upstairs chamber that oftentimes he goes to sleep in Norfolk and awakes in the morning in this town.

TIGHT LACING CAUSES DEATH

Doctor Ascribes Appendicitis to Disregard of His Warnings Against the Wasp Waist.

Cincinnati, Ohio. — Tight lacing caused the death of Elsie Gasser, 18 years old, daughter of John J. Gasser, a prominent lawyer here. She was operated on for appendicitis, and failed to rally from the operation. Dr. G. Strohbach, the family physician, says that the pernicious effects of the evil practice of tight lacing in all probability had much to do with her death. He had warned her many times that if she persisted in the tight lacing she would pay dearly for it. She laughed at his warnings in her light, girlish way. After she had died the doctor said:

"All girls should heed the constant penchment of physicians against tight lacing. Elsie Gasser's death was caused partially by the fact that she had injured herself by tight lacing. That fact should go home to every girl."

Elsie and her sister went to a picnic. They ate heartily. It was a happy day for them. When they returned home they said they never had had a finer time. That night Elsie complained of being ill. She told her mother she was in great pain. Mrs. Gasser applied home remedies. They did not give relief. Next morning Dr. Strohbach was summoned. He told Elsie's parents he feared it was appendicitis from which she was suffering. Upon his advice an ambulance was summoned and she was taken to the German Deaconess's Hospital. In a few days the surgeons announced that Dr. Strohbach's diagnosis was correct. Five of them performed an operation. The girl had injured herself so badly in her efforts to have a small waist that she could not rally from the shock of passing under the knife.

"THREE FINGERED" BROWN KING OF PITCHERS.

Mordeai Brown, the Chicago National League Star Pitcher.

HEN DIGS UP $11,000 JEWELS.

Burglars' Loot Disclosed Through Her Industrious Scratching.

Asbury Park, N. J.—The return of nearly $11,000 worth of jewelry which was taken last April from his home in Lakewood is the cause of great rejoicing on the part of William M. Skinner. The whole lot was found by Charles Goldstein, under the front porch of Skinner's residence.

The scratching of an industrious hen under the porch disclosed the jewels. In the process of scratching a piece of jewelry was turned up, and the attention of Goldstein was attracted to the spot. His investigations were well rewarded, for the entire lot taken in April soon was brought forth from the ground. Goldstein returned it to the owner.

It is thought the thief was afraid to attempt the sale of the jewelry for fear of apprehension, and hid the loot under the Skinner porch.

When Skinner went out the hen was clucking with pride over a mass of glittering gems—the Skinner jewels.

Mr. Skinner will pension the bird for life.

BATHING WITH MOTOR TIRES.

Chauffeur Starts a New Fashion in the Surf at Ostend.

London.—A new bathing fashion has been started at Ostend by a chauffeur who, dressed in scarlet and with a Phrygian cap, entered the sea with the inflated inner tube of a motor car tire.

First he trundled it as a child does a hoop. Then sitting on it as in a life buoy, he paddled about, propelling himself with his hands or lay basking in the sun. His enjoyment was so manifest that in joke a party of women swimmers borrowed the tire and, with shrieks of laughter, imitated his antics.

The idea has taken and scores of persons now disport themselves in the sea on the tubes of their motor cars. Impromptu races attract many competitors, and not to take a tube sun bath is to be out of the mode.

Of Interest to Women

A Rap at Girls' Finishing Schools—The Word "Finishing," Applied to An Intellectual Training, is Unfit—Reginald W. Kauffman's Ideas—The Young Girl a Mystery to Him.

Reginald Wright Kauffman in Hampton's Magazine is very hard upon the finishing schools for girls. After reading what he says, we wonder why these schools should be called "finishing." The word can hardly be aplied to an intellectual training which seems never to have been begun. Whatever "education" may have been imparted to her in the earlier grades has made no impression either upon mind or heart. She knows exactly what is expected of her in the social game, and whatever remains over and above she ignores:

One student of my acquaintance has, after a three years' course, managed to choke down enough French to translate, if there's a dictionary handy, the original Gallic phrases encountered in a popular novel; she knows what the menu is trying to say, though, of course, neither she nor anybody else can translate that verbatim. If she would take time to complete it—but she never takes time to complete anything—she might be able to make a fair copy of a Charles Dana Gibson line drawing. She can recite certain chapters of the Bible by heart, but knows about as much concerning them as the average actor knows about the lines of his part. And as for literature, she has acquired the exact date of every great English author's birth and death without having any conception of what any of them wrote, and without swerving one hair's breadth from her allegiance to the contemporary marshmallow school of fiction.

The ignorance of the average girl is certainly appalling, and we may well wonder what she has done with her time during high school days. She has acquired books enough to stock a store, thanks to the entente cordiale that exists between the schools and the publishers. But if we try to draw out any of this information we shall lamentably fail. She seems to know absolutely nothing that is worth knowing upon any conceivable subject. She has studied civics—or says she has—but she has no glimmering of an opinion upon any civic or political subject. She has ploughed her way through books on history, geography, mathematics, and literature, but she is entirely dumb when any intelligent subject is on the carpet. But there are some things, Mr. Kauffman tells us, that the girl does know:

The last time she was home I tried to talk to her; we used to make mud pies together and, later, she chewed the spitballs that I threw at the teacher in the fourth reader; but now I am a mister to her and she is a mystery to me. Well, we talked, or rather she did, and what I received from her was simply a rapid running description of all the season's plays on Broadway. It appears that the school is often taken to the theatre in a body, provided the drama to be produced is not too serious, and that the whole student body go as individuals to Saturday matinees. Consequently, this girl has twenty photographs of Robert Edeson, each in a different pose, on the dressing table, which she used to call a bureau, and knows the private history and matrimonial record of all the idols of the stage.

And this is the equipment for "society" and later on, perhaps, for other and more serious things. It's rather sad when one comes to think about it.

New Collars and Laces.

The turnover collar has taken a strong hold upon popular fancy and will no doubt continue to be the prevailing style until the return of cold weather. It is the most comfortable idea we have had given us in many seasons, and we should be humbly grateful. Last summer we suffered in collars with abnormal points, stiffly boned and ear high, and one hesitates to criticise even the elderly person for wearing the new collar, even if it does add years to her age.

For young people the newest and prettiest design is the collar on the style of a sailor, finished with a four-in-hand tie at the front. It is shown in all colors and combinations. White linen is edged with a band of pink, blue tan or lavender, or each of the colors forming a collar is edged with white. The model sketched is designed in star effect and trimmed with rows of soutache. Many girls make cuffs to match and wear them with plain linen and percale waists.

Kerosene on Irons.

If your wax has given out and the starch sticks to the irons try kerosene. Put a little of the oil on a cloth and rub the hot iron over it a few times.

ELECTIVE AFFINITIES.

An Excerpt from Artemus Ward of Contemporaneous Appositness.

The exsentric female clutched me frantically by the arm and holleerd: "You air mine, O you air mine!"

"Scarcely," I sed, endeverin to git loose from her. But she clung to me and sed:

"You air my Affinerty!"

"What upon arth is that?" I shouted.

"Dost thou not know?"

"No, I doestent!"

"Listen, man, & I'll tell ye!" sed the strange female: "for years I hav yearned for thee. I knowed thou wast in the world, sumwhares, tho I didn't know whare. My hart sed he would cum and I took courage. He has cum—he's here—you air him— you air my Affinerty. O, 'tis too mutch!" and she sobbed agin.

"Yes," I answered, "I think it is a darn site too mutch!"

"Hast thou not yearned for me?" she yelled, ringin' her hands like a female play-actor.

"Not a yearn!" I bellered at the top of my voice, throwin' her away from me.—Artemus Ward, His Book: Among the Free-Lovers.

His Grump.

"For years and years," grouched the Old Codger, in his usual pessimistic way, "we have been sending missionaries to the Chinese—plank-shaped and tub-shaped ones, both with side whiskers, who spake in mandarin tones and acted with the chastened intolerance of hyenas; young, dried-up ones with weak eyes and weaker intellects, slimy, sliding ones, who were gathering material from which to lecture and with which to furnish a house or two when they got back; old-fossil ones that looked like flying-machines or old fashioned churns, just as it happened; and a glorious list of saints, all of whom needed the money and cost us a great deal. And, still, in spite of our beneficence to them-ward, the ungrateful Chinese 'pear to be just as unregenerate and almost as peculiar as they were in the first place. What say?"

Professional Query.

Among the papers of R. H. Stoddard that Ripley Hitchcock edited there is a letter which Oliver Wendell Holmes, the poet-physician, is said to have received. This letter was written many years ago by an ignorant country practitioner, and it is interesting because it shows the low level to which in the early part of the last century, it was possible for medical education to fall.

The letter, verbatim, follows:

"Dear dock I have a pashunt whose physicol sines shose that the winpipe is ulcerated of and his lung hav dropped into his stumich. He is unabel to swaller and I fear his stumick toobe is gone. I have giv him everything without efeck his Father is wealthy honble and influenshul. He is an active member of the M. E. church and God noes I don't want too loose him wot shall I do?"

Poor Uncle Ed.

A Baltimore man was recently showing his nice new opera-hat to his little nephew, and when he caused the toppiece to spring open three or four times the youngster was delighted.

A few days thereafter the uncle, during a visit to the same household, brought with him a silk hat of the shiny, non-collapsible kind. When he was about to leave the house, he encountered the aforesaid youngster running down the hall with what looked like a black accordion.

"Uncle Ed," observed the boy, "this one goes awfully hard. I had to sit on it; but even then I couldn't get it more than half-shut."

UNAVOIDABLE DELAY.

"Dotte's case of brain fever lasted a long time, didn't it?"

"Yes, the germs lost a lot of time finding his brain."

How Strange.

A woman who visited the British museum recently inquired of an attendant: "Have you no skull of Cromwell? I have been looking all around for a skull of Oliver Cromwell."

"No, madam," replied the attendant. "We've never had one."

"How very odd!" she exclaimed; "they have a fine one in the museum at Oxford."

A Shifted Burden.

"So you sold that miserable old mule of yours?"

"Yassir," replied Mr. Erastus Pinkley: "foh real money."

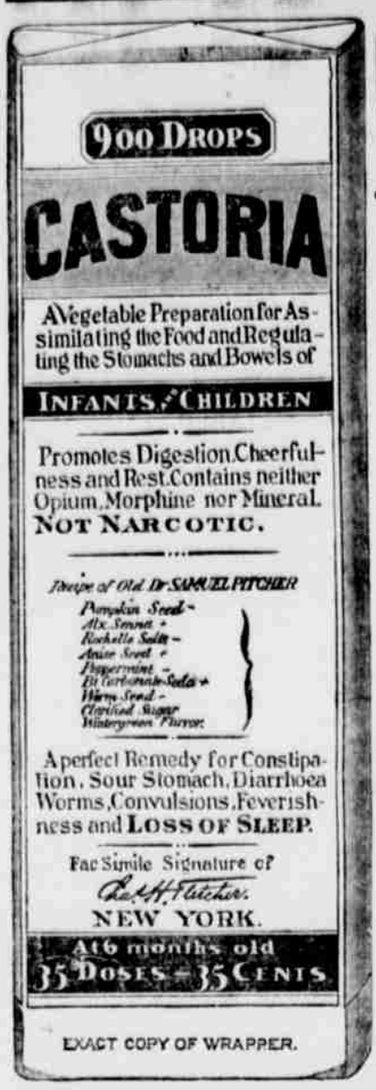
"Doesn't it weigh on your conscience?"

"Well, boss, I's done had dat mule on my mind so long, it's kind of a relief to change off an' git him on my conscience."

Division.

"The automobile is rapidly dividing the public into two classes."

"Yes; the quick or the dead."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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
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A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
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THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

"It is the little rift within the lute which ever widening, makes the music mute." It is just a little in the health of a woman often, which gradually takes the spring from her step, the light from her eyes, the rose from her cheek and the music from her voice. Perhaps the bug-bear which has frightened the woman from the timely help needed at the beginning has been the dreaded questions, the obnoxious examination, the local treatments, of the home physician. There is no need for these. Nor is there need for continued suffering. Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription can be relied on by every women, suffering from what are called "female troubles," to renew the health and cure the disease. Women are astonished at the results of the use of this medicine. It not only makes weak women "robust and rosy cheeked," but it gives them back the vigor and vitality of youth. This is not a "patent medicine" but a prescription of known composition in which pure, triple-refined glycerine is used instead of alcohol. Each bottle-wrapper bears a full list of ingredients upon it.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

Forty of the constables of Bradford county have held a meeting in Towanda, and organized the Bradford County Constables' Association. A committee of three was appointed to employ counsel and bring a stated case to test the legality of the County Commissioners' ruling that the new fee bill does not apply to constables and justices in office, the constables contending that as they are paid by fees, and not by salary, the Constitution does not prohibit them from enjoying the benefit of an increase of fees during their term of office.

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

PROPOSED AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION SUBMITTED TO THE CITIZENS OF THIS COMMONWEALTH FOR THEIR APPROVAL OR REJECTION, BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY OF THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA, AND PUBLISHED BY ORDER OF THE SECRETARY OF THE COMMONWEALTH, IN PURSUANCE OF ARTICLE XVIII OF THE CONSTITUTION.

A JOINT RESOLUTION

Proposing amendments to sections eight and twenty-one of article four, sections eleven and twelve of article five, sections two, three, and fourteen of article eight, section one of article twelve, and sections two and seven of article fourteen, of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, and providing a schedule for carrying the amendments into effect.

Section 1. Be it resolved by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, That the following are proposed as amendments to the Constitution of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania, in accordance with the provisions of the eighteenth article thereof:—

Amendment One—To Article Four, Section Eight.

Section 2. Amend section eight of article four of the Constitution of Pennsylvania, which reads as follows:—

"He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth, and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office at the next general election, unless the vacancy shall happen within three calendar months immediately preceding such election, in which case the election for said office shall be held at the second succeeding general election. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal," so as to read as follows:—

He shall nominate and, by and with the advice and consent of two-thirds of all the members of the Senate, appoint a Secretary of the Commonwealth and an Attorney General during pleasure, a Superintendent of Public Instruction for four years, and such other officers of the Commonwealth as he is or may be authorized by the Constitution or by law to appoint; he shall have power to fill all vacancies that may happen, in offices to which he may appoint, during the recess of the Senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session; he shall have power to fill any vacancy that may happen, during the recess of the Senate, in the office of Auditor General, State Treasurer, Secretary of Internal Affairs or Superintendent of Public Instruction, in a judicial office, or in any other elective office which he is or may be authorized to fill; if the vacancy shall happen during the session of the Senate, the Governor shall nominate to the Senate, before their final adjournment, a proper person to fill said vacancy; but in any such case of vacancy, in an elective office, a person shall be chosen to said office on the next election day appropriate to such office, according to the provisions of this Constitution, unless the vacancy shall happen within two calendar months immediately preceding such election day, in which case the election for said office shall be held on the second succeeding election day appropriate to such office. In acting on executive nominations the Senate shall sit with open doors, and, in confirming or rejecting the nominations of the Governor, the vote shall be taken by yeas and nays, and shall be entered on the journal.

Amendment Two—To Article Four, Section Twenty-one.

Section 3. Amend section twenty-one of article four, which reads as follows:—

"The term of the Secretary of Internal Affairs shall be four years; of the Auditor General three years; and of the State Treasurer two years. These officers shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms," so as to read:—

The terms of the Secretary of Internal Affairs, the Auditor General, and the State Treasurer shall each be four years; and they shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the State at general elections; but a State Treasurer, elected in the year one thousand nine hundred and nine, shall serve for three years, and his successors shall be elected at the general election in the year one thousand nine hundred and twelve, and in every fourth year thereafter. No person elected to the office of Auditor General or State Treasurer shall be capable of holding the same office for two consecutive terms.

Amendment Three—To Article Five, Section Eleven.

Section 4. Amend section eleven of article five, which reads as follows:—

"Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs and townships at the time of the election of constables, by the qualified electors thereof, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of five years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district," so as to read:—

Except as otherwise provided in this Constitution, justices of the peace or aldermen shall be elected in the several wards, districts, boroughs or townships, by the qualified electors thereof, at the municipal election, in such manner as shall be directed by law, and shall be commissioned by the Governor for a term of six years. No township, ward, district or borough shall elect more than two justices of the peace or aldermen without the consent of a majority of the qualified electors within such township, ward or borough; no person shall be elected to such office unless he shall have resided within the township, borough, ward or district for one year next preceding his election. In cities containing over fifty thousand inhabitants, not more than one alderman shall be elected in each ward or district.

Amendment Four—To Article Five, Section Twelve.

Section 5. Amend section twelve of article five of the Constitution, which reads as follows:—

"In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be five years and they shall be elected on general ticket by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished," so as to read as follows:—

In Philadelphia there shall be established, for each thirty thousand inhabitants, one court, not of record, of police and civil causes, with jurisdiction not exceeding one hundred dollars; such courts shall be held by magistrates whose term of office shall be six years, and they shall be elected on general ticket at the municipal election, by the qualified voters at large; and in the election of the said magistrates no voter shall vote for more than two-thirds of the number of persons to be elected when more than one are to be chosen; they shall be compensated only by fixed salaries, to be paid by said county; and shall exercise such jurisdiction, civil and criminal, except as herein provided, as is now exercised by aldermen, subject to such changes, not involving an increase of civil jurisdiction or conferring political duties, as may be made by law. In Philadelphia the office of alderman is abolished.

Amendment Five—To Article Eight, Section Two.

Section 6. Amend section two of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"The general election shall be held annually on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto," so as to read:—

The general election shall be held biennially on the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each even-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an even-numbered year.

Amendment Six—To Article Eight, Section Three.

Section 7. Amend section three of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"All elections for city, ward, borough and township officers, for regular terms of service, shall be held on the third Tuesday of February," so as to read:—

All judges elected by the electors of the State at large may be elected at either a general or municipal election, as circumstances may require. All elections for judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and for county, city, ward, borough, and township officers for regular terms of service, shall be held on the municipal election day; namely, the Tuesday next following the first Monday of November in each odd-numbered year, but the General Assembly may by law fix a different day, two-thirds of all the members of each House consenting thereto: Provided, That such election shall always be held in an odd-numbered year.

Amendment Seven—To Article Eight, Section Fourteen.

Section 8. Amend section fourteen of article eight, which reads as follows:—

"District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen annually by the citizens. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service," so as to read:—

District election boards shall consist of a judge and two inspectors, who shall be chosen biennially, by the citizens at the municipal election; but the General Assembly may require said boards to be appointed in such manner as it may by law provide. Laws regulating the appointment of said boards may be enacted to apply to cities only: Provided, That such laws be uniform for cities of the same class. Each elector shall have the right to vote for the judge and one inspector, and each inspector shall appoint one clerk. The first election board for any new district shall be selected, and vacancies in election boards filled, as shall be provided by law. Election officers shall be privileged from arrest upon days of election, and while engaged in making up and transmitting returns, except upon warrant of a court of record, or judge thereof, for an election fraud, for felony, or for wanton breach of the peace. In cities they may claim exemption from jury duty during their terms of service.

Amendment Eight—To Article Twelve, Section One.

Section 9. Amend section one, article twelve, which reads as follows:—

"All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law," so as to read:—

All officers, whose selection is not provided for in this Constitution, shall be elected or appointed as may be directed by law: Provided, That elections of State officers shall be held on a general election day, and elections of local officers shall be held on a municipal election day, except when, in either case, special elections may be required to fill unexpired terms.

Amendment Nine—To Article Fourteen, Section Two.

Section 10. Amend section two of article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"County officers shall be elected at the general elections and shall hold their offices for the term of three years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law," so as to read:—

County officers shall be elected at the municipal elections and shall hold their offices for the term of four years, beginning on the first Monday of January next after their election, and until their successors shall be duly qualified; all vacancies not otherwise provided for, shall be filled in such manner as may be provided by law.

Amendment Ten—To Article Fourteen, Section Seven.

Section 11. Amend section seven, article fourteen, which reads as follows:—

"Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five and every third year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled, by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled," so as to read:—

Three county commissioners and three county auditors shall be elected in each county where such officers are chosen, in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven and every fourth year thereafter; and in the election of said officers each qualified elector shall vote for no more than two persons, and the three persons having the highest number of votes shall be elected; any casual vacancy in the office of county commissioner or county auditor shall be filled by the court of common pleas of the county in which such vacancy shall occur, by the appointment of an elector of the proper county who shall have voted for the commissioner or auditor whose place is to be filled.

Schedule for the Amendments.

Section 12. That no inconvenience may arise from the changes in the Constitution of the Commonwealth, and in order to carry the same into complete operation, it is hereby declared that—

In the case of officers elected by the people, all terms of office fixed by act of Assembly at an odd number of years shall each be lengthened one year, but the Legislature may change the length of the term, provided the terms for which such officers are elected shall always be for an even number of years.

The above extension of official terms shall not affect officers elected at the general election of one thousand nine hundred and eight; nor any city, ward, borough, township, or election division officers, whose terms of office, under existing law, end in the year one thousand nine hundred and ten.

In the year one thousand nine hundred and ten the municipal election shall be held on the third Tuesday of February, as heretofore; but all officers chosen at that election to an office the regular term of which is two years, and also all election officers and assessors chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven. All officers chosen at that election to offices the term of which is now four years, or is made four years by the operation of these amendments or this schedule, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and thirteen. All justices of the peace, magistrates, and aldermen, chosen at that election, shall serve until the first Monday of December in the year one thousand nine hundred and fifteen. After the year nineteen hundred and ten, and until the Legislature shall otherwise provide, all terms of city, ward, borough, township, and election division officers shall begin on the first Monday of December in an odd-numbered year.

All city, ward, borough, and township officers holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of December of that year.

All judges of the courts for the several judicial districts, and also all county officers, holding office at the date of the approval of these amendments, whose terms of office may end in the year one thousand nine hundred and eleven, shall continue to hold their offices until the first Monday of January, one thousand nine hundred and twelve.

A true copy of the Joint Resolution.

ROBERT McAFEE,
Secretary of the Commonwealth.

Potato Sausage Won't Do.

State Pure Food Chief Shows How it Knocks Out Meat.

"The Dairy and Food Bureau of the State Agricultural Department is going to call a halt all over the State on men who are engaged in selling adulterated sausage in violation of the pure food law, and we are going to begin right here in Harrisburg, proceed against the local sausage sellers, and then extend the work to all parts of the State," said Pure Food Commissioner Foust.

Mr. Foust has just returned from the meeting of the National Association of Pure Food Commissioners, where he had a tussle with the millers who want to use drugs to bleach their flour, and says he is going to win.

"But," said Mr. Foust, "we propose to get after the men who charge high prices for meat and then cheat their customers. These sausage dealers make sausage of 50 per cent. meat, 10 per cent. potato flour at 3 cents a pound, and 25 per cent. water that costs nothing. The cheap flour absorbs the 25 per cent. of water and makes the sausage to swell up as thick as your arm. When the sausage is placed in the pan to be cooked the water all dries out of it and it shrinks to about the thickness of your thumb, and that is where the cheat comes in. The men who make sausage of potato flour and water to give it weight must stop, or they will be prosecuted. You can easily see that a man who pays for a pound of sausage at 15 cents a pound is cheated out of just half the sausage. In these times of high prices for meats this wholesale cheating has got to be stopped.

"Outside of the 34 prosecutions ordered in August, there are between 100 and 200 other cases being prepared against dealers, many of them for selling adulterated sausage."

The Seeding Time.

Much Wheat Ground Remains to be Ploughed

At many places the farmers are preparing to sow wheat. The rain of three weeks ago put the ground in good condition for ploughing and farmers, with the exception of those who were back with their work, were enabled to proceed at once with the preparation of the ground. Those who were not able to begin ploughing are having a hard time of it. The effect of the drought is as marked as ever, and it is only here and there now that ploughing can be done with any success. There is still a great deal of wheat ground to be ploughed and unless it rains very soon a good deal of the ground will not get ploughed in time for seeding.

Do You Feel This Way?

Do you feel all tired out? Do you sometimes think you just can't work away at your profession or trade any longer? Do you have a poor appetite, and lay awake at nights unable to sleep? Are your nerves all gone, and your stomach too? Has ambition to forge ahead in the world left you? If so, you might as well put a stop to your misery. You can do it if you will. Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery will make you a different individual. It will set your lazy liver to work. It will set things right in your stomach, and your appetite will come back. It will purify your blood. If there is any tendency in your family toward consumption, it will keep that dread destroyer away. Even after consumption has almost gained a foothold in the form of a lingering cough, bronchitis, or bleeding at the lungs, it will bring about a cure in 98 per cent. of all cases. It is a remedy prepared by Dr. R. V. Pierce, of Buffalo, N. Y., whose *advice is given free* to all who wish to write him. His great success has come from his wide experience and varied practice.

Don't be wheedled by a penny-grabbing dealer into taking inferior substitutes for Dr. Pierce's medicines, recommended to be "just as good." Dr. Pierce's medicines are OF KNOWN COMPOSITION. Their every ingredient printed on their wrappers. Made from roots without alcohol. Contain no habit-forming drugs. World's Dispensary Medical Association, Buffalo, N. Y.

September Jurors.

The Jury Commissioners drew the following names from the wheel on Tuesday for the September term:

GRAND JURORS.

Wm. Hartman, Briarcreek.
Aaron Harder, Catawissa.
C. H. Campbell, Briarcreek.
Henry Loux, Berwick.
Jeremiah Kester, Main township.
Wm. O. Giger, Centre township.
C. D. Bowers Catawissa.
V. P. Eves, Millville.
Geo. W. Leekie, Conyngham twp.
P. C. Case, West Berwick.
Carson Diehl, Beaver township.
Ellis Wertman, Centre township.
Albert Bower, Briarcreek township.
Wilson Jo n, Main township.
George Klinger, Sugarloaf township.
N. J. Englehart, Scott township.
Samuel Sitler, Berwick.
L. S. Jacoby, Berwick.
J. R. Sands, Benton.
Harry Stees, Bloomsburg.
R. E. Morris, Bloomsburg.
W. G. Creveling, Fishingereek twp.
John Bell, Montour township.
Bruce Callender, Briarcreek township.

FIRST WEEK JURORS.

L. B. Stiles, Benton.
Henry Parker, Greenwood.
R. T. Smith, Benton.
John Nungesser, Centre township.
A. B. Hartman, Hemlock township.
Milton Croop, Briarcreek.
R. E. Hosler, Beaver.
Chester Harman, Berwick.
Perry Knouse, Jackson.
George Vastine, Catawissa.
Edward Strohm, Bloomsburg.
John Wenner, Berwick.
Samuel G. Kashner, Bloomsburg.
W. H. Manning West Berwick.
Lee George, Centralia.
George Holdren, Pine township.
Silas Shuman, Centre township.
J. W. Cherrington, Roaringereek.
P. A. Fetterolf, Mifflin.
John C. Reedy, Berwick.
John Butler, West Berwick.
D. F. Fowler, Berwick.
Charles Kline, Berwick.
John R. Murray, Centralia.
J. N. Bennet, Pine township.
S. N. Ohl, Hemlock.
Lewis Bosten, West Berwick.
William Long, Catawissa.
C. F. Derr, Greenwood.
Walter Honser, Centralia.
W. W. Stout, West Berwick.
H. C. Henry, Orange township.
John Gorley, Bloomsburg.
W. R. Sober, Bloomsburg.
James Saltzer Bloomsburg.
Albert Baker, Berwick.
Rev. M. M. Dry, Conyngham.
Charles Shuman, Centralia.
Harry Baker, Scott township.
Melvin Bird, Cleveland township.
James Cadow, Bloomsburg.
Geo. T. Crist, Bloomsburg.
Daniel Title, Pine township.
Charles E. Sult, Berwick.
Harry Gozier, Berwick.
Samuel Remley, Jackson township.
Isaac Ohl, Bloomsburg.
Joseph D. Potter, Pine township.

SECOND WEEK JURORS.

Jacob Wertz, West Berwick.
Seth Thomas, Centralia.
Frank E. Girton, Bloomsburg.
A. W. Witner, Roaringereek.
Charles Jones, Orange.
A. E. Fetterman, Centralia.
George B. Miller, Madison.
Charles F. Martz, Briarcreek.
Frank Stivetts, Conyngham.
Jacob Yeager Catawissa township.
Edward Rhoades, Cleveland.
E. E. Bittenbender, Bloomsburg.
Harry Brink, Bloomsburg.
W. A. Rerntelhower, Centralia.
Hiram Watson, Conyngham.
M. F. Bowman, Orange township.
B. D, Cole, Sugarloaf.
Henry Dieffenbach, Bloomsburg.
W. M. Eves, Millville.
James G. Laughlin, Conyngham.
F. P. Hagenbuch, Scott township.
John Gruber, Mt. Pleasant.
Bruce Hartzell, Main township.
Arthur W. Ammerman, Berwick.
John Rice, Beaver.
Bruce Keller, Benton township.
Charles Honaberger, Locust.
W. B. Snyder, Locust.
John Hartman, West Berwick.
Daniel Ashleman, Benton township.
James A. Miller, Conyngham.
Wm. Houck, Berwick.
James Gillespie, Conyngham.
Jacob Roup, Catawissa township.
Stephen Hons Centralia.
Wm. Mericle, Hemlock.

A Case of Urgent Need.

It was in the hotel of a Western mining town that the New England guest, registering in the office, heard a succession of loud yells. "What in the world is that—a murder going on up-stairs?" he demanded.

"No," said the clerk, as he slammed the book and lounged toward the stairs. "It's the spring bed up in Number Five. That tenderfoot up there don't get the hang of it, and every few days he gets one o' the spiral springs screwed into him like a shirt-stud. I guess I'll have to go up, if there ain't anything more I can do for you for a few minutes."

Don't Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	21 A.M.
	†	†	†	†
Bloomsburg D L & W...	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17	....
Paper Mill.....	9 14	2 53	6 29	6 30
Light Street.....	9 18	2 53	6 34	6 35
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners.....	¶9 40	¶3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 40
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons.....	¶10 00	¶3 37	¶7 17	8 20
Coles Creek.....	¶10 03	¶3 40	¶7 21	8 26
Laubachs.....	¶10 08	¶3 45	¶7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park.....	¶1010	¶3 47	¶7 33	....
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	22 A.M.
	†	†	†	‡	†
Jamison City....	5 56	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central.....	5 58	10 51	4 38	7 02	11 45
Grass Mere Park	¶6 01	¶11 00	¶4 47	¶7 12	....
Laubachs.....	¶6 03	¶11 02	¶4 48	¶7 13	11 53
Coles Creek.....	¶6 12	¶11 06	¶4 53	¶7 22	12 05
Edsons.....	¶6 14	¶11 09	¶4 56	¶7 24	12 10
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 18
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners.....	¶6 35	¶11 29	¶5 17	¶7 45	12 58
Forks.....	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 06
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 40
Paper Mill.....	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. P & R.....	7 18	12 05	5 55	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 15

Trains No 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily. ¶ Sunday only. f Flag stop.
W. C. SNYDER, Supt

Trolley Time Tables.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Berwick:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
¶ 5.00	12.50	7.50
5.40	1.50	8.50
6.20	2.50	9.50
6.50	3.50	10.50
7.50	4.50	* 11.50
8.50	5.50	
9.50	6.50	
10.50		
11.50		

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sunday at 6.50 a. m.
¶ From Power House.
* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Berwick for Danville:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	6.00
7.00	P. M.	7.00
*7.20	1.00	8.00
8.00	2.00	9.00
9.00	3.00	*10.00
10.00	4.00	*11.00
11.00	5.00	*12.00
		† 1.00

First car leaves Berwick for Danville on Sunday at 8.00 a. m.
* Bloomsburg Only.
† Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg, for Danville:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5.10	12.10	6.10
6.00	1.10	7.10
7.10	2.10	8.10
8.10	3.10	9.10
9.10	4.10	10.10
10.10	5.10	*11.10
11.10		

First car leaves Market Square for Danville on Sunday at 7.10 a. m.
* Saturday Night Only.

Cars leave Danville for Berwick:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
6.00	12.00	6.00
7.00	P. M.	7.00
8.00	1.00	8.00
9.00	2.00	9.00
10:00	3.00	10.00
11.00	4.00	* 11.00
	5.00	¶12.00

First car leaves Danville for Berwick on Sunday at 8.00 a. m.
* Bloomsburg Only.
¶Saturday Night to Bloomsburg Only.

Cars leave Market Square, Bloomsburg for Catawissa:

A. M.	M.	P. M.
5.30	12.00	6.00
6.15	P. M.	†7.00
†7.00	1.00	8.00
†8.00	†2.00	9.00
9.00	†3.00	10.10
†10.00	4.00	*11.00
†11.00	5.00	

First car leaves Market Square for Catawissa on Sunday at 7.00 a. m.
* Saturday Night Only.
† P. R. R. Connections.

Cars leave Catawissa for Bloomsburg:

A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
5.50	12.30	6.30
6.35	1.30	7.30
7.30	2.30	8.30
8.30	3.30	9.30
9.30	4.30	10.30
10.30	5.30	* 11.30
11.30		

First car leaves Catawissa for Bloomsburg on Sunday at 7.30 a. m.
* Saturday Night Only.

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ESTABLISHED 1868.
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ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869
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GEO. E. ELWELL, EDITOR.
GEO. C. ROAN, FOREMAN.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1909

Democratic State Ticket.

JUSTICE OF THE SUPREME COURT,
C. LARUE MUNSON,
of Lycoming County.
AUDITOR GENERAL,
J. WOOD CLARK,
of Indiana County.
STATE TREASURER,
GEORGE W. KIPP,
of Bradford County.

Democratic County Ticket.

SHERIFF,
W. P. ZAHNER.
JURY COMMISSIONER,
A. C. HIDLAY.
CORONER,
ROBERT BRENNEN.

The Quay Statue Again.

Complications thicken about the statue of Matthew Stanley Quay, the Pennsylvania statesman, which Karl Bitter, the sculptor, finished two years ago. It has since languished without a pedestal to stand upon, or an abiding place, while former associates of the great party leader, before whose frown men used to tremble, have been passing from one to another the burden of responsibility of setting it up in a public place. It has just been shipped by the sculptor to the Governor of the State, who, as ex-officio President of the Board of Public Grounds and Buildings at Harrisburg, might be expected to be the proper person to take charge of it.

Carved as a peculiarly appropriate adornment of Harrisburg's expensive Capitol, itself the most splendid monument of political graft in the United States, the effigy of the most famous of all the politicians concerned in the erection of that Capitol is denied a place in its rotunda, in spite of the Legislature's order. "None so poor to do him reverence," indeed. The present indication is that Mr. Bitter's work of art will remain in the freight station at Harrisburg. The lesser authorities at the Capitol do not believe the Governor can or will give orders for its removal. Eventually it may be sold as junk, for enough money, it is hoped, to pay the sculptor $2500 still owing to him for its making.

But yesterday the word of Caesar might
Have stood against the world.

and now his surviving henchmen are ashamed to set up his counterfeit presentment where that world may look upon it. They had better do something with the statue, however, to stop the talk about it, which must be very irritating to the statemens' minds. —*New York Times.*

Arctic Keeps One Mystery.

Fate of Andree and Companions Still Unexplained.

With news from Peary, who says he has discovered the North Pole, there remains only one explorer who entered the Far North of whose fate nothing is positively known—Salomon Auguste Andree, of Sweden, who, with two companions, set out for the Pole 12 years ago in a balloon. It is believed, however, that Andree surely is dead.

Whatever the fate of Andree and his daring co-explorers, his expedition established one great fact for scientists and those aeronauts who shall hereafter attempt to reach the Pole by balloon—that is, that at certain times of the year there are trade winds blowing from the south directly over Spitzbergen and flowing straight for the Pole. Andree left Dane's Island, 79 degrees and 40 minutes north latitude and 10 degrees 12 minutes east longitude, at 2:30 o'clock on Sunday afternoon July 11, 1897. His balloon rose out of the varying undercurrents and swung about like a carrier pigeon sighting its way. Then it settled down and floated off due north before a stiff breeze that carried it at an even speed of about 22 miles an hour.

Forty-six hours later, or at 12:30 o'clock on July 13, Andree dispatched by carrier pigeon to the Aftonbladet, Stockholm, this message:

"July 13, 12:30 P. M. 82.2 degrees north latitude, 15.5 degrees east longitude. Good progress toward the north. All goes well on board. This message is the third by carrier pigeon. Andree."

His companions were balloonists and civil engineers, Nils Strindberg being second master at the Free University of Stockholm and Knut Hjalmar Ferdinand Frankel a civil engineer and member of the Swedish Academy of Science.

Returning Prosperity.

Evidenced by Railroad Business.

The return of prosperity to the railroads of the country is evidenced in reports just published of the gross earnings of 25 roads for the first half of August.

For the first time since the panic of 1907 the aggregate weekly gross earnings exceeded the high records reached in August, 1907.

For the second week in August the 25 roads reported gross earnings of $9,545,724, an increase of over 6 per cent. over the same period of August, 1907, when the gross earnings reached the record figure of $8,856,314.

The earnings for the last week of August have not been computed, but on the basis of the increase for the second week railroad men believe that the high record of August, 1907, of $13,853,987, will be eclipsed and a new record set.

The total for August, 1907 was $40,601,877. The first two weeks of August, 1909, totalled $18,102,707, as against $17,659,770 for the first two weeks of August, 1907. On this basis a new record of railroad prosperity for the month of August is expected to be established.

It May Be Pneumonia

"A hard chill, pain through the chest, difficult breathing. Then fever, with great prostration." If this should be your experience, send for your doctor. You may have pneumonia! If your doctor cannot come at once, give Ayer's Cherry Pectoral. When he comes, tell him exactly what you have done. Then do as he says. No alcohol in this cough medicine. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

Keep the bowels in good condition. One of Ayer's Pills at bedtime will cause an increased flow of bile, and produce a gentle laxative effect the day following.

Say Census Will Show 100,000,000 Under Flag.

Experts Estimate $9,000,000 in Union, With 15,000,000 in Our Insular Possessions.

Experts in the Census Bureau, already busy with forecasts of the probable results of the new count of population to be taken next spring, figure out that the enumeration will show 89,620,000 people in the United States proper, and that the population of all the States, Territories and insular possessions will make a magnificent aggregate of more than 100,000,000.

This estimate is made by men who have kept close watch on the increase of population in the cities of the country, on the birth and death rate, on immigration statistics for the last decade, and are, therefore, well qualified to make a close guess as to what the result of an accurate enumeration will be. The census of 1900 gave the population for the United States proper as 73,607,225, so that if the estimate of the showing of the new census as given above be accepted as approximately correct, the increase in the ten-year period will be about 15,000,000.

Following the new census, under the law a new apportionment of the House of Representatives will be necessary. If the present minimum of population in a Congressional district, which is 194 000, is adhered to in making the new apportionment, the membership of the House will be increased from 387 to 465, taking it for granted that next year's census will show a total population of 89,620,000. A House consisting of 465 members would, it is generally agreed, be altogether unwieldy. To keep the membership down to 400, the basis of representation would have to be lifted from 194,000 to 225,000. But even on this basis the States of Pennsylvania, New York, Illinois, Missouri, Oklahoma and Texas would gain at least one member of the House, and New York, Pennsylvania and Texas probably would gain two members each.

North Pole Again Discovered.

Peary Returns Successful

For the second time within five days the world was startled on Tuesday by a message from the North stating that the Pole had been discovered.

This time the word came from Commander Robert E. Peary, U. S. N., who has at last attained his goal after twenty-six years of effort. He reached the Pole on April sixth of this year, about a year after Dr. Cook.

It is a remarkable coincidence that after long centuries of fruitless efforts to reach the top of the earth two messages should be telegraphed to the world almost simultaneously announcing success. It is still more gratifying to realize that both the authors of these messages are Americans.

All doubt as to the authenticity of Dr. Cook's discovery should now be dissolved, after a thorough comparison of his records with those of Commander Peary shall have been made. Both explorers will reach New York this month.

The universal press is now filled with long accounts given by the discoverers, and with editorials lauding their bravery and perseverence; Royalty is paying homage; the whole world is congratulating America and praising her two noble sons, Peary and Cook.

To Tear Out Hill by Dynamite.

Immense Blasts Will be Set off at Northumberland Classification Yards.

Preparations are being made in the work of the classification yards of the Pennsylvania Railroad above Northumberland to blast away a hill, which must be levelled to form part of the yards. This will be one of the biggest engineering feats on the work and thousands of tons of dirt and rock will be torn out and carted to different points of the yard to be used as filling.

Well diggers are now sinking holes in the hillside, about twenty feet apart. These holes are about five inches in diameter, and go about 30 feet into the earth. Two rows of them are being dug, and one row is to be exploded at a time. The ground for the greater part of the depth is mostly shale.

When these blasts are set off they will be heard for miles around, and enormous clouds of dirt will be thrown into the air, making a sight that will be well worth witnessing.

After the first discharge the ground will be carted away with the numerous teams that are being used in the work. The second blast will tear out a great part of the remainder of the hill.

Letter Registry Will be Ten Cents.

Increase Will Add Millions to the Postal Revenues.

An increase of two cents is to be made in the near future in the fee for the registration of letters and mail packages.

Announcement of the proposed change was made by Postmaster General Hitchcock. The decision to increase the registry fee followed an extended inquiry into the registry system by a special committee appointed by the postmaster general.

It is understood to be Mr. Hitchcock's purpose to take up the registry system first in considering all branches of the postal service for reorganization wherever greater efficiency and less expenditure may be effected.

In his talk with a number of the delegates who attended the recent annual convention of the National Association of First class Postmasters at Toledo, Mr. Hitchcock learned they were almost unanimously of the opinion that an increase in the registry fee from 8 to 10 cents would not be opposed when it is understood that the government is losing several million dollars through the present system.

By law, the postmaster general is authorized to make registry fee as high as 20 cents. In 1874 it was reduced from 15 to 8 cents, but increased to 10 cents in 1875. It was reduced from 10 to 8 cents in 1893.

The registry service is the most expensive of any rendered by the department, owing to the precautions taken to insure correct delivery and absolute safety in the transmission of registered articles.

State Sunday School Workers Meet in October.

Forty-Fifth Annual Convention to be Held at Harrisburg—Strong Program Prepared.

Unless all signs fail the coming State Convention of the Pennsylvania State Sabbath School Association to be held in Harrisburg, October 13, 14 and 15 will far exceed in numbers, interest and enthusiasm all former meetings of the association.

The past year has been one of intense activity along Sunday school lines in every county throughout the State. Statistics recently gathered show marvelous growths in Teacher Training, Home Department Work and Organized Adult Bible Classes. The magazine writer who said that Sunday school is on the decline certainly did not get his information from Pennsylvania.

The program prepared for the State Convention is a strong one and contains the names of Governor Edwin S. Stuart, Bishop James Henry Darlington, Hon. John Wanamaker, Mr. H. J. Heinz, W. C. Pearce, Chicago; Rev. David James Burrell, D. D., New York; Mrs. Mary Foster Bryner, Chicago; Dr. Joseph Clark (Timothy Standby), Columbus; Mrs. Zillah Foster Stevens, Alton, Ill.; Mr. E. C. Foster, Detroit; Mrs. Maud Junkin Baldwin, Indianapolis; Mr. Dave Porter, New York; Prof. E. O. Excell, Chicago; Rev. Floyd Tomkins, Philadelphia, and others.

The special features of the convention will be a half day session for Elementary Grade workers; a Teacher Training Conference, a Home Department Conference, a Temperance Teaching Conference, a Missionary Teaching Conference, an Organized Adult Bible Class Rally Conference and mass meeting a parade of O. A. B. C. men. Class delegations will come from many sections of the State to participate —5,000 men will be in line with bands and banners.

All railroads will sell reduced rate tickets.

Programs for the convention and other printed matter can be obtained by writing to W. G. Landes, General Secretary, 701-2 Witherspoon Bldg., Philadelphia, Pa.

Postal Receipts Will Increase.

Experts of the Post Office Department estimate that the proposed increase of the registry fee from 8 to 10 cents will result in an increase of about $1,000,000 a year in the receipts of the Department. This estimate is made on the assumption that the volume of the registry business will not decrease under the higher rate. Even if the business should decrease, a saving would be made, because it now is being operated at a serious loss.

The Government itself, in its various departments, sends an immense amount of registered mail which, of course, is carried free. If the proposed fee of ten cents were applied to all Government registry matter the additional increase would ammount to nearly $650,000 annually.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
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Perhaps it may remind you of something you need.

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CARD SIGNS *No Admittance, For Rent, For Sale, Post No Bills, Trespass Notices, &c.*

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HAND BILLS *Printed in any size from a small street dodger, up to a full Sheet Poster.*

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1909

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

PERSONAL MENTION.

Albert Solleder and Joseph White left for State College yesterday.

Mrs. William Elwell and Miss Marie Funk went to Towanda today to visit Mr. and Mrs. E. W. Elwell.

Miss Bessie Ferguson has gone to Scranton, where she has accepted a position as a stenographer with Scranton Correspondence Schools.

Mrs. James H. Codding of New York was in town last Saturday to attend the funeral of her brother, the late E. C. Wells. She formerly resided at Orangeville.

Mr. and Mrs. Samuel Wigfall, Mrs. H. A. McKillip, Mrs. Frank Wilson, and Mrs. William Leverett of Philadelphia, took a trip to Kitchen's Creek last Saturday.

Rev. Geo. W. Atkinson has resigned as rector of St. Mathews Episcopal Church, Sunbury, to take effect November 1st. His wife is a niece of Mrs. H. H. Grotz of Bloomsburg.

Miss Amelia Armstrong has decided to discontinue the private school which has been conducted by her for many years. She has been recognized as one of the best teachers in this section.

Mrs. William Leverett, of Philadelphia, after spending five weeks with her sister, Mrs. Geo. E. Elwell, left yesterday for Harrisburg, where she will visit Mrs. R. C. Neal, formerly of Bloomsburg.

Mr. and Mrs. J. E. Roys and daughter Emily returned home on Friday, after an absence of two weeks. Most of the time they were camping out along the Susquehanna River, opposite Meshoppen.

John and Bert Millard and Miss Blanche Millard, of Centralia, came to Bloomsburg Sunday in their car and spent the day with Mr. and Mrs. Frank Ikeler. Their father, O. B. Millard, returned home with them in the evening after a visit of several days here.

Dr. and Mrs. J. F. Chapin of Schoolcraft, Michigan, are visiting relativet in this county. They formerly resided at Benton where the Doctor had a large medical practice. They moved to Michigan many years ago, but still have many friends here who are always glad to welcome them back.

AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

Judges Selected and Appointments Made.

At a meeting of the Columbia County Fair Association last Saturday the judges for the various exhibits were named, bands selected and appointments made as follows:

G. H. Mills, starting judge; C. M. Creveling, C. C. Yetter and S. K. Heller, judges of the races; C. W. McKelvy, F. H. Ringrose and C. W. Rabb, timers; W. W. Cawley, judge of horses; A. O. Potter, judge of cattle and F. G. Bean, judge of poultry. The following bands were selected, Citizens of Bloomsburg; Catawissa band; Repaz band, of Williamsport, and Our band of Shamokin.

Public Sale.

William H. Gilmore will expose to public sale on his premises in Bloomsburg on Wednesday, September twenty-ninth at one o'clock a lot of personal property including a band wagon, carriage, buggy, spring and truck wagons, show cases, orchestra piano, single and double harness, and many other articles. ts.

County Commissioner Pohe has been offering some fine peaches for sale. He has a good crop of them.

PROBABLY THE TRAIN ROBBER.

Other Persons Held Up Near the Same Spot.

Robert Little, a well-known drover and cattle buyer, was held up and robbed Friday night in Doe Trough Hollow, a lonely spot in the mountains three miles west of Lewistown, by a man in a burlap mask, and speaking broken English, who answered in every way the description of the man who held up the Pittsburg express in the Lewistown Norrows on Tuesday morning last week.

Mr. Little, his wife and child were out for a drive, and were passing west through Doe Trough Hollow, with one of his employes walking alongside, when the bandit walked out of the brush, drew a bead at Little's heart and told him to stand and deliver.

The employe on the opposite side of the buggy became nervous and began moving about, when the robber said:

"You keep still, d—— you, and I won't shoot."

In addition to the $9 and watch he took from Little he insisted on taking his hat, which contained his name stamped in the sweat-band.

Mrs. Little pleaded in vain for the bandit to leave her husband's headgear, as he had a bad cold; but the desperado said he, too, needed the hat.

Little's description of the man was that of a fellow 5 feet 8 inches tall, weighing 160 pounds, with a wig of light haif over a head of black, curly hair. Mrs. Little saw the man peeking from the bushes when they passed through the hollow on their way west, and he was dark visaged, with black hair and eyes. He also called to two ladies who were walking along the road and asked if they had any money, but appeared satisfied with their statement that they had none.

Diligent search was at once made by detectives and many others, but no trace of the robber has yet been found.

LITTLE GIRL BITTEN BY DOG.

Dorothy Eves, the little daughter of Mr. and Mrs. LaRue Eves, of Millville, was bitten on the cheek by a dog at the home of her grandparents, Mr. and Mrs. W. C. Fortune, of West Main Street, on August twenty-seventh.

The dog was killed and its head sent to the University of Pennsylvania for examination. This showed that the animal had symptoms of rabies.

Upon receipt of this message Mrs. Eves, accompanied by her sister, Mrs. W. C. Snyder, took Dorothy to New York, where she will be treated at the Pasteur Institute.

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Any number of pieces furnished for any occasion.

SEASON 1908-09.
Columbia Theatre.
Midway Dance Hall and Summer Garden
Knight Templar Dance, Masonic Temple.
Midway Club Dances.
High School Commencement Week.
Elks and Wheelmen Banquets.
Store Openings, etc., etc.
For terms address,
CHAS. P. ELWELL,
Manager and Director,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
tf.

The residence of Charles J. Keller on Fourth street is being repainted.

Burglars broke into the Lackawanna station Monday night, but failed to make a haul.

The contract for heating the parsonage of St. John's Lutheran church at Catawissa has been awarded to L. E. Whary.

RECENT DEATHS.

SILAS D. EDGAR.

Silas D. Edgar died at the residence of John Corbett on East street last Sunday morning. He is survived by two sons, John and Hudson, of Wilkes-Barre, and by three brothers, Butler, of Lynn, Mass.; Uriah, of Espy, and Washington, of Wilkes-Barre. He was 86 years of age last May.

For many years he lived at Espy where he was engaged in boat-building for the Pennsylvania canal. His wife died a long time ago, and for some years he had been living in Bloomsburg.

The remains were taken to the home of his brother Uriah at Espy, where the funeral was held on Tuesday.

MARTIN L. RANDALL.

Martin L. Randall died at his home on Catherine street last Saturday evening, in his eighty-sixth year. Gangrene in the foot was the cause of his death.

He has been a resident of Bloomsburg since 1867.

He comes from a family of soldiers, his grandfather having fought all through the Revolutionary war and his father in the War of 1812.

He is survived by two children: Mrs. Solomon Hursh, with whom he lived, and Mrs. M. H. Rhoades, of Eighth street. There are also two grand children: Miss Margaret Rhoades and Mrs. J. H. Rhoat.

Funeral services were held at his late residence last Tuesday afternoon at 2 o'clock, Rev. E. B. Bailey, of whose church he was an active and faithful member, officiating. Interment in Rosemont cemetery.

MRS. EMILY STEBBINS.

Mrs. Emily Jane Stebbins, died at the home of her daughter, Mrs. H. M. Sober at Bloomsburg, Saturday morning at 4:30 o'clock after a long illness of heart trouble. She was aged 68 years, 3 months and 13 days.

Mrs. Stebbins for several years made her home in Watsontown, but later lived at Williamsport with a daughter. Eight weeks ago she came to Bloomsburg, and was in ill health at the time. She was a lifelong member of the Baptist church at Watsontown.

Surviving are the following children: Mrs. H. M. Sober and Miss Alice Stebbins of Bloomsburg; Mrs. A. B. Bowser, of Ingram, Pa.; U. W. Stebbins, of California Station, Pa., and J. E. Stebbins, of Williamsport. One sister, Mrs Mary Sherwin, of Toledo, Ohio, also survives.

The funeral was held at Watsontown on Tuesday.

WILLIAM C. SHAW.

William C. Shaw, who for the past five years has been living with his daughter, Mrs. W. W. Ruckle, of West Third street, died Saturday evening, in his seventy-second year, paralysis of the brain being the cause.

Mr. Shaw was a veteran of the Civil War, being a member of Company E, 132nd Pennsylvania Volunteers.

The funeral on Tuesday was attended by a number of members of Ent Post No. 250 of the G. A. R. Members of the Sons of Veterans acted as a firing squad at the grave in Rosemont cemetery.

He is survived by three daughters: Mrs. Biery, of Charlottsville, Va.; Mrs. Irens, of Haddonfield, N. J., Mrs. W. W. Ruckle, of town, and Harry, of Altoona. There is also a sister, Mrs. Elizabeth Frink, of Elkhart, Indiana.

ELISHA B. DREISBACH.

Elisha B. Dreisbach died at the Joseph Ratti Hospital last Thursday, after suffering for some time with a valvular affection of the heart.

The funeral services were held Sunday afternoon at the Central Hotel, where he had made his home for a number of years. The services were in charge of Rev. J. E. Byers, pastor of the Lutheran church, while the Crusade Commandery Quartette rendered several selections. A delegation of sixty members of the Masonic fraternity attended the funeral in a body, and had charge of the services in Rosemont cemetery, with H. A. M'Killip, assisted by Rev. E. R. Heckman, conducting the Masonic burial service.

Souvenir Post Cards are printed at this office. Half tones supplied.

W. O. Holmes & Son have secured the contracts for installing steam heating plants in the residence of E. Cohen, and in the double house owned by J. B. Edwards on West street.

Children Cry
FOR FLETCHER'S
CASTORIA

GENERAL NEWS.

Reports state that a terrific eruption of a volcano in Java has caused hundreds of deaths.

Once more the record for the Trans-Atlantic passage has been broken Last Thursday the Cunarder Lusitania arrived at New York after a run of four days, eleven hours and forty-two minutes.

It is reported that the Sheldon Axle Works, of Wilkes Barre, is preparing to undertake the manufacture of automobiles on a large scale. A mammoth addition has just been made to the plant.

The French aviator, M. Lefebure, who has made many successful flights, and who was one of the contestants two weeks ago at the Rheims aerial meet, was killed on Tuesday by his airship crashing to the earth

Owing to advancing age, four, and possibly five of the Justices of the Supreme Court of the United States will retire in the near future. Chief Justice Fuller is among this number President Taft will appoint their successors.

Mrs. F. B. Streeter has presented to the Bradford County Bar Association the law library of her son, the late Henry Streeter, as a memorial to her husband, Hon. F. B. Streeter, who was president Judge of the Bradford judicial district.

So great was the loss of life in the flood around Mexico last week that the authorities have ordered all bodies cremated in order to restore sanitary conditions, as disease has broken out. Fifteen hundred bodies have been recovered, all of which were burned upon huge pyres.

The Lackawanna Railroad Company has sunk wells over 700 feet deep on a mountain near Scranton and water is gushing out of them at the rate of 25,000 gallons an hour. The sinking of the wells took over two years. The wells will supply the company with water enough for all its operations, with a lot to spare.

Bologna sausage is valued in Lancaster county in proportion to its age. At a public sale of Samuel Levenight estate, near Elizabethtown, held last Thursday afternoon, extra high prices were paid for almost everything sold. Mr. J. E. Ulrich, who makes a specialty of buying up relics, capped the climax by bidding bologna up to 30 cents per pound. The fact that this bologna was reputed to be over one hundred years old accounts for the high price paid.

Legless Tax Man.

Minus both legs and unable to use crutches because of an infirmity, Tax Collector Phineas Thomas, of Cleveland township, Columbia county, was at the Commissioners' office, ahead of time, settling up his duplicate.

Prior to February, 1899, Mr. Thomas was strong and apparently well, but, passing through the woods when the weather was very cold, he felt a sudden pain in his left knee. He fell to the ground and lay in the snow for almost two hours.

He then attempted to improvise a crutch; but because years before his shoulders had been torn apart, he could not sustain his weight. He crawled, inch by inch for 300 yards, and at last his cries for help attracted his dog, which aroused the family. As a consequence it was necessary to amputate both legs, and then in a recent accident he had several ribs broken.

Even at that, no delinquent taxpayers get away from Phineas Thomas.

Freight on Trolleys.

The public in general and especially the cities and boroughs through which street railways pass, will be interested to know what effect the law passed by the 1909 legislature, will have upon the various communities. This act gives all street railway companies the right to carry all kinds of freight over their lines through the streets of boroughs and cities. This, however, has fortunately been regulated by requiring the consent of the municipality, which right may be given for a period of ten years and then renewed or withdrawn in accordance with the consent of council This provision is a good one, since it gives the boroughs and cities the right to regulate the traffic over its streets, and thus prevent the streets from being blocked with freight cars which otherwise might follow.

The Sleeping Sickness Bug Has Come

Two of the skins sent to the Smithsonian Institution by the Roosevelt expedition were of the species of rabbit which harbors the tsetse fly, the cause of the sleeping sickness.

Many of the eggs were found clinging to the hairs of the specimens, and the Smithsonian scientists hope to hatch these for experimental purposes.

The skins of the rabbits were not packed in the brine as the larger skins were, and the eggs are supposed to be in good condition.

Precautions will be taken to prevent the escape of any of the flies should the eggs hatch.

"Famous Songs and Their History."

No doubt you have heard some of these famous songs: "My Country 'Tis of Thee," "Hail Columbia," "Home, Sweet Home" and many others. Possibly you have often wondered as to how they were originated, and what history was connected with each of these. *The Philadelphia Press* will tell you. They are featuring one of these old songs and hymns every Sunday, with its complete history. They are intensely interesting, and lovers of music and people musically inclined should read these great articles, for they are valuable and educating. Read *The Philadelphia Press* every Sunday, or order it at once from your newsdealer.

Our Pianos

are the leaders. Our lines include the following makes:

CHAS. M. STIEFF,
HENRY F. MILLER,
BREWER & PRYOR, KOHLER & CAMPBELL, AND RADEL.

—o—

IN ORGANS we handle the ESTEY, MILLER, H. LEHR & CO. AND BOWLBY.

—o—

This Store has the agency for SINGER HIGH ARM SEWING MACHINES and VICTOR TALKING MACHINES.

—o—

WASH MACHINES

Helby, 1900, Queen, Keystone, Majestic.

—o—

J. SALTZER,

Music Rooms No. 105 West Main Street, Below Market.
BLOOMSBURG, PA

Judge to Fight Fine.

Arrested by troopers of the State Constabulary on the charge of violating the game laws, Judge Terry of Wyoming county, has decided to appeal the case and make a fight against paying a fine. He had been fishing in the Susquehanna for two days, and was returning home with fifteen fish, some caught the first day and others the second when he was arrested. The troopers claim that twelve bass are all the law allows a man to have in his possession in one day. Judge Terry says that the law declares no more than twelve shall be caught on one day, and that he did not catch twelve either day. Fishermen are much interested in the outcome of the case.

FOR SALE!

The fine residence property of the late Judge Elwell is for sale.

Location:

West Third Street between Jefferson and West Streets.

Description:

Two story and attic, brick and frame. 13 rooms. Lot about 66 by 212 feet.

FRAME BARN
AND COW STABLE,

large garden, abundance of fruit trees.

The house has a Steam Heating Plant, Bath Room Stationary Range and Wash Tubs; Water, Electric Light and Gas.

Will be sold on easy terms. Apply to

GEO. E. ELWELL,
Attorney.
Bloomsburg, Pa.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

HUDSON-FULTON CELEBRATION
NEW YORK CITY.

Three hundred years ago, Henry Hudson, an Englishman in command of a Dutch expedition, with eighteen men, explored the Hudson River from Sandy Hook to Troy in his small craft, the "Half Moon."

One hundred and ninety-eight years later, Robert Fulton established, with his steamboat, the "Clermont," a regular water service between New York and the towns along the Hudson river to the North.

This year, New York City, with sister cities and towns along the Hudson, will celebrate these two achievements by a series of imposing observances, religious, historical, military, naval, musical and literary, extending from September 25 to October 9.

Replicas of the "Half Moon" and the "Clermont" have been built and will play a large part in the celebration. They will be the center of attraction in the great naval pageant on Saturday, September 25. The United States Government will have fifty-two war ships anchored in the Hudson, and Great Britain, France, the Netherlands, Italy, Germany, Argentine, Guatemala, Mexico, and Cuba will be represented by war vessels.

Two great parades of water craft will escort the "Half Moon" and the "Clermont" in triumphal procession past the war leviathans, first in the morning and again in the evening, when all the vessels will be illuminated.

On September 28 there will be a grand historical pageant, and on September 30 a big military parade in New York City.

On October 1, the "Half Moon" and "Clermont" will proceed up the Hudson to Troy escorted by hundreds of river craft, including torpedo boats.

A magnificent carnival parade will be held in New York on Saturday evening, October 2, which promises to eclipse all previous attempts.

The Pennsylvania Railroad, the direct line to New York, with its unsurpassed service of fast express trains, will sell excursion tickets to New York for this period at reduced rates of fare.

Full details concerning specific fares, dates of sale, return limits, and train service may be obtained of Ticket Agents,

9-9-16.

When He Died

"Poor old Ganby!" sighed the sentimental-looking man with the thin side whiskers.

"What's wrong with him?" growled the double-chinned citizen with the shaggy eyebrows. "He don't need any of your pity, does he?"

"Didn't you hear about it?" asked the sentimental-looking man. "He's dead. He died last Wednesday. Took pneumonia."

"He'd take anything he could get his hands on if the owner wasn't looking," said the double-chinned citizen. "Well, if he's dead, he probably is to be pitied."

"He's dead," remonstrated the sentimental-looking man.

"So you told me," said the double-chinned citizen. "It's a long lane that hasn't any turning. So he died a natural death, eh? I never expected it."

"Why?"

"He took out an accident policy for a year less than nine months ago," replied the double-chinned man.

"He left quite a good deal of money, I heard," said the sentimental-looking man.

"The first thime in his life," said the double-chinned man. "I don't see how he brought himself to do it, at that. He must have lost consciousness at the last."

"Tut, tut!" said the sentimental-looking man. "When a man's dead we ought to forget his faults and remember his virtues."

"I can't remember any that he had," said the double-chinned citizen, "and my memory is a pretty good one."

"I was at the funeral," said the sentimetnal-looking man. "The er——"

"Did they give him a funeral?" asked the double-chinned citizen.

"Of course they did."

"I didn't know. I thought perhaps—I beg pardon. You were going to say something about the sermon, weren't you? I think he was a good subject for a sermon. Anybody there besides you?"

"The family was there, naturally—and a few of his friends."

"I thought he had always lived in Chicago."

"What do you mean?"

"Where did his friends come from, then?" asked the double-chinned citizen. "I'm mighty sure he didn't have any here."

"Well, he wasn't a man who had many intimates," admitted the sentimental-looking man. "I can't say I knew him intimately, myself."

"If you had you wouldn't have attended the funeral," said the double-chinned citizen. "I knew him fairly well. About $600 worth, exclusive of attorney's fees. Still, I don't know that I wouldn't have gone if I had got an invitation, just to make sure. You're positive that he was dead, are you? You aren't just telling me he is to please me?"

"I should hope that you wouldn't feel pleasure to hear of the death of any fellow creature," said the sentimental-looking man. "I know you are not in earnest, though, when you say things like that. He was a good husband."

"He had to be," said the double-chinned citizen. "You saw his widow, didn't you? A man would have to be good to her, unless he preferred the society of a trained nurse and the hospital atmosphere. So they preached a funeral sermon! Did the minister mention his watch?"

"No," repleid the sentimental-looking man, wonderingly. "Why should he?"

"It's customary to speak of a man's good works on such an occasion," said the double-chinned citizen. "I supposed that he would have to make the most of Ganby's."

"You must have disliked the poor fellow," said the sentimental-looking man with the thin whiskers.

"What makes you think that?" asked the double-chinned citizen.—Chicago Daily News.

Doubly Useful Mucilage.

"If you make your own mucilage one heaping teaspoonful of gum arabic to an ordinary mucilage bottle gives it a cheaper rate than that bought ready made), you can dispense with court plasters, liquid or otherwise, except where an antiseptic is necessary," says Women's Home Companion. "Ordinary cuts can be treated with it quite as effectively as with the patent preparation. Two coats thoroughly dried will stand the application of water better than anything but what the adhesive plaster doctors use.

With Thanks.

John Budd was a most sedate, precise and altogether exemplary young man. When he wooed and won Susan Smiley, the belle of the village, everybody rejoiced at John's good fortune. However, he bore his triumph with modesty and decorum until the day of the wedding. Then for an awful moment, his air of aplomb filled him. When the officiating clergyman asked, "Will you, John, take this woman to be thy wedded wife?" John responded, blushingly, "Yes, please."

Personally Responsible.

"That large man thinks himself a pretty important personage in this place, doesn't he?" asked the stranger. "Why, if you tell him we're having fine weather here, he swells up as if he thought he made it."

BOY HUSBAND'S STRANGE TALE

Says Wife Injected Old Man's Blood Into His Veins and Made Him a Cripple for Life.

Denver, Col.—O. C. Rogers offered a novel plea in answer to a charge of non-support made by his wife, Barbara M. Rogers, in court here. He said that Mrs. Rogers had blood from a diseased old man injected into his veins, which nearly caused his immediate death and has made him a cripple for life. Thus prevented from performing manual labor, he pleads that his wife cannot compel him to support her.

Rogers, who is a young man, says that he married Mrs. Rogers in Chicago while he was a mere boy and when she was already the mother of five children by a former husband.

"I was inveigled into the marriage by the wiles of a woman old enough to be my mother," said Rogers in court. "It was my first experience with a woman, and she easily threw the net about me. But after we were married she tired of my youth and vivacity and attempted to reduce me to the state of descrepitude which she had reached. She got the aid of a quack doctor who was attending an old man afflicted with rheumatism and a loathsome disease. Under the pretext that he wished to analyze the blood of the aged invalid he drew some of it from his veins. This he put into a hypodermic syringe and while I slept the quack injected the dose into my arm," then exhibiting a hand that was withered and an arm that showed the marks of disease Rogers continued:

"I came near to losing my life. As it is, I am unable to perform manual labor with that hand."

Rogers is related to prominent Denver professional men. He has demanded a jury trial.

DRAMATIC TRIAL OF DHINAGRI.

Hindu Fanatic Sentenced for Murder of Sir Curzon Wyllie.

London.—Madar Lal Dhinagri, the Hindu fanatic who assassinated Lieutenant-Colonel Sir William Curzon Wyllie during a reception to Hindu students that was being held in the Imperial Institute, was sentenced to death at the Old Bailey. The trial lasted only an hour.

Dhinagri was calm throughout the trial. When he was formally asked

Madar Lal Dhinagri.

whether he pleaded guilty or not guilty, he replied:

"According to my view it was not murder. I plead not guilty."

As the Lord Chief Justice finished pronouncing sentence the prisoner drew himself up in military style and saluted.

He said: "I thank you, my Lord. I am proud to have the honor of laying down my humble life for my country. Your sentence of death is perfectly illegal. You are all powerful and can do what you like; but remember, we will have the power some time. That is all I have to say."

A MONKEY'S COARSE WORK.

Vicious Simian Baseball Mascot Breaks Loose, Causing a Stampede.

New Orleans, La.—Infuriated by the taunts of the players, "Henry," the big monkey mascot of the New Orleans team, broke from his pen behind the home players' bench at Pelican Park, climbed into the grand stand, and created a stampede and stopped the game between New Orleans and Mobile in the seventh inning for several minutes. The Mobile players were teasing "Henry." Lunging at one of them, he broke his leash, chased the players from his vicinity and bounded into the grand stand. The spectators threw programs and pop bottles at him. Many became frightened and started for the exits and several were knocked down. The monkey jumped out in the field and the umpire called the game. The animal was captured after a few minutes and playing was resumed.

Black Man Turned White.

Rochester, N. Y.—Jacob Thomas, a remarkable colored man, died recently in Le Roy. Thomas's color in the last twelve years changed from the darkest hue of the negro to white, so much so that he would be passed in the streets as a white man.

HINTS AT TRACE OF DARWIN'S APE IN US

If We Come from Perfect Man We Have Degenerated A Lot, Says Schurman

OUR BRUTISH STRAIN IS EVIDENT

Cornell's President Criticises American Constitution in Referring to the Regulation of Divorce — Great Change in Religious Thought.

New York City.—Whether we came up from the ape, as Darwin reasoned, or degenerated from perfect man, as Milton held, President J. G. Schurman of Cornell University, in addressing the Society for Ethical Culture in Carnegie Hall, said it is certain there is something radically evil in us, and it is the business of modern effort to overcome it.

President Schurman spoke on "The Development of Religious Thought." He confined himself to the period from Milton to the time of Darwin, whose centenary will be celebrated next month. The influence of these men on religious thought was the basis of his address.

President Schurman spoke of Milton's championship of religious liberty and the freedom of religious thought. Milton was, he said, its greatest advocate and the aspirations which he had in that direction were similar to the achievements and possessions which we enjoy to-day. It was not alone in the British Isles that the effect of Milton's advocacy was felt but it had a great influence in this country.

"I am the last man in the world," said the speaker, "to allude to the regulation of divorce as a bright feature of the American Constitution. It is a shame and a danger in the extreme in which it is now operated, but the other extreme would be just as bad. Milton advocated that under certain circumstances divorce should be allowed. We in America are enjoying to-day some of the best political principles which he favored. He was away ahead of his time in the advocacy of many of the things which we possess, and among them are some of the best things in the world.

"Milton had definite theology which differs from that of most thoughtful men of to-day. His philosophy was based upon the Ptolemaic theory of astronomy, while the Copernican system, with the sun as the centre of the universe, is the accepted theory to-day. With the Ptolemaic theory it was easy for Milton to picture heaven and hell as above and beneath the earth but that pictorial representation in 'Paradise Lost' would not answer to-day. So Milton's philosophy must be kept in mind in reading his work."

In referring to the change in religious thought President Schurman said:

"In the eighteenth century there was a great earthquake in Lisbon. Not only was the earth torn asunder and thousands killed but the religious thought of the day was most profoundly stirred. Men of the greatest influence began to ask how the world could be governed by a beneficent Providence if thousands of lives were allowed ruthlessly to be swept away. Much was written at the time. The recent earthquake in Italy awakened wide-spread feelings of horror at the loss of life and sympathy and kindness toward the afflicted but I never heard a voice raising the question which was raised when the Lisbon earthquake occurred. The thoughtful men of to-day and even the masses have come to realize the Copernican astronomy that the earth is not the centre of the universe but only an insignificant planet.

"The theory of Milton was that man was created perfect; that he fell and needed redemption. So long as men believed our first parents were created perfect this theology would stand but the whole scheme becomes irrational and even superfluous if the first being was not perfect, but akin to the barbarian. I do not believe that those who will join in the celebration of the centenary of Darwin, next month, will contend that he has established the hypothesis that man and the ape sprang from a common origin, but all history and tradition tend to show that man's history is one of steady ascent.

"As for myself I don't care if I came from savages or half brutes or from a perfect man. The important point is what I have arrived at, not what they were, but what I am. As the Puritan idea emphasizes the need of redemption, so now it is recognized by all, though we have our high ideals, that we are sinful creatures and we have a brutish strain in us. The problem is to get rid of this brutish inheritance. No demonstration of science will deny we are sinful. There is something radically evil in us, and it is the business of modern effort to overcome it.

"Notwithstanding the great advance in religious thought and the discoveries of science, the great essential truths remain. Though the Bible is not regarded as inspired in every line and word, its value remains, and the old precept to fear God and keep His commandments still holds good."

Smoke Costs Chicago $50,000,000.

Chicago.—Chicago is the smokiest city in the world. The Smoke Inspector says so. The annual loss to manufactured articles is said to be $50,000,000.

THE CIGARETTE IS POPULAR

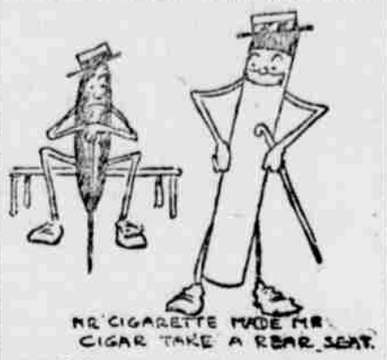
But the Demon Rum Has Been Given an Awful Twist by the Prohibs.

Washington, D. C.—Now let the titled ladies of England and the Continent who periodically visit our shores to decry our lack of progress for refusing to let the fair sex indulge in the fragrant weed in public places, read this and take courage. For, while there has been an known increase in the number of men smokers in these United States during the twelve months just passed, there has been an increase in the number of cigarettes consumed by just 703,105,-

THE INCREASED REVENUE FROM TOBACCO EXCEEDED $2000,000

065. Obviously our women folk are responsible. And with the suffragette becoming daily a more and more frequent spectacle in our midst, who will stand up and say the ban on feminine smokers in public places can long be continued?

Of course, no such reason as this for the big increase in the consumption of the deadly "coffin nail" is ad-



MR CIGARETTE MADE MR CIGAR TAKE A REAR SEAT.

vanced by Acting Commissioner of Internal Revenue Robert Williams in his report to Secretary of the Treasury MacVeagh. He shows that the increase in the cigarette consumption is offset by a decrease in the number of cigars smoked during the last six months of 1908. We held back on cigars in this period, most of us, and the resulting figures showed the decrease to be 152,185,830 under the figures for 1907. Counting five cigarettes equal to one cigar the increase in the number of the short smokes just about evens up the decrease in the number of the cigars.

So far as Uncle Sam is concerned, though, our switching from the expensive Havana to the cheaper "pill" is a good thing for the Government, because its increased revenue totalled more than $2,000,000 in this same period.

What the temperance wave that has been sweeping over all the country did to the Treasury coffers is almost sad enough to drive supporters of a lower tax rate to drink. For the Prohibitionists succeeded in washing away just $7,641,978.12 of the national revenue. While beer, ales, porter and lager beer were shunned by millions of glasses more than in the previous year, the biggest falling off was in whiskey, the loss in that line of liquid sunshine being $5,509,831.15.

Carrie Nation, please write.

CRIPPLE CURSED TRIO.

Said Pulliam, Thaw and Dr. Bingaman Would not Die Natural Deaths.

Pittsburg.—A story of the curse of a cripple came out here in connection with the suicide of President Harry C. Pulliam of the National League. Pulliam, with Harry K. Thaw and Dr. Walter S. Bingaman, was standing in front of a hotel in Pittsburg four years ago, and the three laughed loudly at some joke just as a cripple in passing slipped and fell on the pavement. The cripple, thinking the trio were laughing at his fall, asserted dramatically that none of the three would die a natural death.

Pulliam never forgot this, and friends assert he later spent much time and money trying to convince the cripple that he was mistaken. A year later Thaw killed Stanford White. Recently Dr. Bingaman was sent to Dixmont Insane Asylum. Now Pulliam is dead by his own hand.

SHORT SERMONS FOR PROFIT.

Clergyman Gets Valuable Farm Because He Preached to the Point.

Pine Village, Ind.—Burgoyne Davis, a wealthy farmer and member of the Methodist Church in which the Rev. J. M. Williams preached for four years, made the minister a present of sixty acres of land, valued at $125 an acre.

The Rev. Mr. Williams preached very short sermons, and it was because of this fact that Mr. Davis and his wife took such a liking to him. The deed says that the consideration for the land is the deference that Mr. Williams paid to the wishes of his parishioners by making his sermons short and to the point.

Dies as He Kneels in Prayer.

Rochester, N. Y.—Edwin Coney, aged seventy-four, of Riga, dropped dead just as he knelt to lead the South Chili Methodist Sunday school in prayer.

IN A BAD WAY.

Patient Saw a Sight that Made Him Doubt the Doctor.

A doctor came up to a patient in an insane asylum, slapped him on the back and said: "Well, old man, you're all right. You can run along and write your folks that you'll be back home in two weeks as good as new."

The patient went off gayly to write his letter. He had it finished and sealed, but when he was licking the stamp it slipped through his fingers to the floor, lighted on the back of a cockroach that was passing and stuck. The patient hadn't seen the cockroach. What he did see was his escaped postage stamp zig-zagging aimlessly across the floor to the baseboard, wavering up over the baseboard and following a crooked track up the wall and across the ceiling. In depressed silence he tore up the letter that he had just written and dropped the pieces on the floor.

"Two weeks! Not on your life!" he said. "I won't be out of here in three years."

Sad is Sad.

A mother, who was rather fond of the cheaper ten, twenty, thirty cent melodrama, one afternoon took her young daughter, who had grown to consider herself above that sort of thing.

The daughter was bored, but the mother was greatly interested, and finally, when the heroine had got into a seemingly inextricable position, broke down and sobbed heartily.

"Mother, I wouldn't cry here," whispered the daughter significantly, accenting the last word.

"Let me alone," replied the other hysterically. "If a thing is sad, it's sad; I can't cry according to price."

Marriage—Before and After.

Booth Tarkington has written some exceptionally clever fiction. More recently he has been in the limelight in the role of a politician. Not long ago he was the guest of some of his friends at a theatrical supper. In speaking to his neighbor at the table on the subject of marriage, Mr. Tarkington said a number of epigrammical truths about this important subject. One was:

"Before a girl marries a man, her opinion of him is much the same as that held by her mother. After the honeymoon is over, the young lady generally comes over to the viewpoint her father had."

Spare the Horses.

A cavalry sergeant at a Western post had endured the stupidity of a recruit for many days. One day the "rookie" was thus greeted when he had violated the sergeant's orders:

"Say, don't ever come at the horses from behind without speakin' to them!" exclaimed the sergeant. "They'll be kicking in that thick head of yours! Then the first thing you know there'll be a lot o' lame horses in the squadron."

KEEN EDGED SARCASM.

Riggs—How did the quarrel begin?
Roggs—The knife grinder spoke sharply and the butcher made a cutting reply.

Don't Complain.

Don't kick because you have to button your wife's waist. Be glad your wife has a waist and doubly glad you have a wife to button a waist for. Some men's wives have no waists to button. Some men's wives' waists have no buttons on to button. Some men's wives who have waists with buttons on to button don't care a continental whether they are buttoned or not. Some men don't have any wives with buttons on to button any more than a rabbit.

Improving.

"How is your son James getting on at college, Mr. Boggs?" asked the Parson.

"Fine," said Boggs. "He's getting more business-like every day."

"I am glad to hear that," said the Clergyman. "How does the lad show it?"

"Well," said Boggs, "when he first went up and wanted money, he used to write asking for it. Now he draws on me at sight."

The Cause.

"What caused the separation?"

"Oh, he thought as much of himself as she thought of herself and as little of her as she did of him."

The Ideal.

"Is your daughter learning to play the piano by note?"

"Certainly not," answered Mr. Cumrox severely. "We always pay cash."

A More Important Question.

"Now a big Chicago firm complains that its girls will not stay single."

"Well, will they stay married?"

Value in the Farm.

Ex-Secretary Shaw Tells Why Some Lands Are Worth $26 an Acre, and Others $400.

At the Williams' Grove Grangers' picnic last week ex-Secretary of the Treasury Leslie M. Shaw was one of the speakers.

Among other things he said:

"The American people are said to have been wasteful of their resources. They have wasted their coal, they have devastated their forests, they have squandered their soil. When you go to Washington again, call at the Bureau of Soils and you will there be shown localities where worn out and non-productive land is purchasable at $25 per acre, which is identical in natural constituents with the lands around Lancaster, this State, which sell for, and are cheap at three or four hundred dollars per acre.

The difference is not in the soil but in the husbandry. In one instance they have been neglected, incessantly cropped, without thanks or reward, until, in discouragement, they have given up the battle. In the other instance, and under probably the best husbandry in the United States, crops have been rotated and liberal rewards have been returned until the lands have lavished their responses to kind and generous treatment to the enrichment of the owner.

We have little unoccupied area left and are facing the certainty of a population of several hundred millions. He who can transmit to his children love for agriculture, as a vocation, and who can leave them a reasonable inheritance of productive farm lands, will have done more for his family than he who bequeaths a fortune, even as we now measure fortunes, plus pleasure-seeking desires.

Those who rise in the morning to the performance of daily tasks, seldom figure in Divorce Courts, either as parties litigant or as co-respondents. The unhappy, discontented, restless, unstable and uncertain, are those who have no tasks. The happy and contented men of earth are toilers, not idlers.

The Census Law.

On account of many false returns sent in by enumerators of a western city ten years ago in an effort to bolster up the population, the present act fixes a severe penalty for a census taker who violates his oath. If he shall wilfully and knowingly make a false certificate of a fictitious return he shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction shall be fined not exceeding $2,000 and imprisoned not exceeding five years. The bill also makes provision for those who may handicap the census taking work by refusing to answer questions. Any person who ignores the questions propounded to him by an enumerator is liable to a fine of $100 and the same penalty is prescribed for those who shall wilfully give answers that are false.

Uncle Sam as a Showman.

Moving pictures for the farmers is the latest development in the exploitation of the work of the Department of Agriculture. The success which has attended the extension of the nickelodeon business throughout the country has induced Uncle Sam to embark in the enterprise on his account. A score or more of films have been sent to Minneapolis to be exhibited at the Minnesota State Fair this week. The pictures show plowing, sowing, cultivating and harvesting of the cereal crops, the manufacture of butter and cheese, fruit culture and other branches of modern agriculture.

If successful at Minneapolis the exhibition will be repeated at other State fairs throughout the country under the auspices of the department. Assistant Secretary of Agriculture Willet M. Hayes will superintend the initial exhibition, and will have with him several assistants from the department who will operate the machine and explain the pictures.

After the Peddlers.

A raid is being made on peddlers and hawkers of goods in Shenandoah and in a short time that town will be free from these illegal traders, who are crippling the business of the legitimate dealers. It is said that the town has been infested with peddlers from strange cities who bring goods that are purchased at fire or bankruptcy sales to dispose of to the people there. A systematic raid will now be waged on peddlers, so that the town will be freed from those who are ruining the business of the legitimate merchants. Here is a tip for Bloomsburg. The legitimate business man should be protected from hawkers and peddlers.

SATURDAY NIGHT TALKS

By REV. F. E. DAVISON
Rutland, Vt.

CALL OF DUTY.

International Bible Lesson for Sept. 12, '09—(Acts 21: 1-17).

One of the most remarkable exhibitions of grace ever shown by man, was the incident in the life of the Apostle Paul which we have for our lesson to-day. The characteristics of the man are shown in striking colors as we follow him through this remarkable experience.

The time has come in Paul's judgment when he must revisit Jerusalem. Duty pointed unmistakably in that direction, and he was convinced in his own mind beyond the shadow of a doubt that he ought to visit the holy city. There was no alternative. It was Jerusalem only. At the same time he was satisfied that if he went, it would be to bonds and imprisonment. The Holy Ghost witnessed in every city that the result of his visit would be personal discomfort, and physical sufferings.

Duty Heroic.

But what effect did it all have upon the apostle? Not the slightest. He said, "What mean ye to weep and break my heart? I know, as well as you what trouble awaits me, but I am ready, not only to be bound, but to die at Jerusalem!" And the gritty little hero marched on into the lion's jaws. With him the question was not comfort, ease, life even; it was duty. He knew that "man is immortal till his work is done," and he did not propose to shirk responsibility even though bonds and imprisonment were included in it. Prudence is a good thing; there are times when it should be regarded. But when some great exigency arises which calls for action, the true soul will walk the path of duty though it be with bleeding feet, and though he walk alone.

Tennyson and Carlyle were once walking through the gallery of great sculptors in London, and Tennyson turning to Carlyle said, "What do you think of that, Thomas?" "Ae, mon, it's a sad sight." "Why?" "There is nae mon among them that has a jaw." That was the grim old Scotch method of diagnosing character. It was only another way of saying that the men lacked grit, backbone, "sand," gumption, words which stand for righteousness, loyalty and truth in the world's category.

Duty, not Stubbornness.

Paul's determination was altogether a different thing from stubbornness. His pluck must not be confounded with pigheadedness. He had none of the qualities of the mule in his disposition. He cannot be charged with the folly of biting off his nose to spite his face. He never deliberately jumped out of the frying pan into the fire. If those disciples could have shown him any good reason, except mere personal discomfort for avoiding Jerusalem, he would readily have taken their advice. The very first thing he did after arriving at the city was to yield to the advice of his friends in a matter where there was no principle involved, although the result was most disastrous to himself.

Soldiers declare that the most trying time in battle is before the battle begins. The awful hush that settles down upon the men while they wait for the signal, that is what blanches the cheek, and makes the knees tremble. When the fight is on, when the blood has risen to fever heat, when the air is aflame with bursting shell, and the slope is slippery with brothers' blood, and vengeance is bursting the heart, then it is easy to fight and glorious to die. But to march up to the muzzles of shotted cannon, waiting to vomit their iron hail into your very face requires the stuff that heroes are made of.

Duty Rewarded.

Such was Paul's grit. He knew that every step of the way toward the city was taking him nearer the headsman's block. He did not understand the reason, any more than you do, why certain things in your life must be, but he knew that the Leader and Commander of the forces of the universe had the plan of campaign perfectly arranged, and he was certain that He could make no mistake. When the six hundred English soldiers at Balaklava charged into the mouth of hell, they knew when they started that some one had blundered. Not so Paul. He had received his orders from headquarters. Those orders said, Jerusalem, and at Jerusalem he would have reported, though he had been compelled to fight his way through legions of devils.

Look out how you interfere with a man who has the call of God upon him. To stop him, to delay him, to divert him, may be as calamitous, as to turn a switch in the wrong direction before a flying express train. If you cannot go with him, uncover as the hero passes on. It may be, when the coronation day of eternity comes, you may be permitted to behold the sight when the King puts the crown of glory upon his servant's head.

VIEWS ON MARRIAGE.

Men's Opinions Do not Always Coincide.

Four men sat lighting their cigars in the attitudes of physical comfort and mental dejection that follow the exodus of the women from the dining room wherever that custom relic of a deep drinking generation, is kept up. The dinner talk had been brilliant enough to do credit to the hostess. It had wound up on the brink of matrimony.

"Of course no man is quite a man until he's a married man," said one of the men with the license of the newlywed.

"He never knows till then what a man he might have been," corrected an old bachelor.

"The influence of woman is necessary to the highest development of a man's character," continued the other.

"Precisely," agreed the bachelor. "The greatest sacrifice of marriage is the loss of one's women friends."

"The country is evidently in danger," said a callow youth.

"One by one my women friends have offered up my friendship on their matrimonial altars," continued the bachelor. "We have had interests in common, one of the arts of sciences, a common object in life, friendship, in fact, but those finest of human links have snapped one by one. Her husband, say, is too busy a man to be merely cultivated. To see much of her while he is there would be selfish; at other times it would embarrass the neighborhood with unnecessary gossip. Friendship is such a delicate thing that it is quickly stifled under the mantle of discretion when it does not die outright. That piece of Mendelssohn should be called the funeral march of friendship."

"But is not the entire possession of one woman recompense enough for the capricious friendship of many?" asked the other.

"Marriage has already made you cynical," replied the bachelor.

"Possession!" snorted the callow youth; "that's what queers the whole business."

"To suggest that a wife is her husband's property is a remark that should never be made except in the presence of ladies, where it may be corrected," said the old bachelor.

"That's about all marriage is," added the youth.

"It is more than that," put in the host, and added:

"Shall we join the ladies? Possibly they may have something to say on the subject."

While they were depositing their half smoked cigars, dusting the specks of tobacco ash from their coats and settling the hang of their clothes with that show of indifference unknown to the more honest variety of women, there came a little cry from the upper regions. It was repeated, a thin wailing, querulous voice, followed by a hurried rustling of skirts up the stairs. Three of the men dropped their eyes, the other smiled. They crossed into the drawing room, where three women sat with a look of listening on their faces.

"We were just trying to persuade Miss Talenthead to play for us," said one of them with an encouraging smile.—Kansas City Times.

Terrible Lake Ronkonkoma.

The brakeman on the Long Island railroad was talking to two schoolboys who got on the train at Garden City. "Say, kids, did you know there's a lake down the island where the suicides disappear, and their bodies are found in the Atlantic ocean? That's a gospel fact. I lost a friend there once. We dragged for his body three days, and some fishermen picked it up near Oak Island Beach, just outside Fire Island inlet. Now, kids, what do you think of that? Ask your teacher. Maybe she can explain all about it." Needless to remark, the boys were much interested.

The lake referred to is Ronkonkoma, a freak of nature, about forty-eight miles from New York's City Hall, and half way between Stony Brook and Sayville. Strange are the traditions hovering over this small body of water. The Indians around Islip used to call it Ron-konk-o-MA, but many of the present day Long Islanders say Ron-kon-KO-ma. Old "residenters" tell that the tide rises and falls there twice in twenty-four hours, sometimes six inches, at other times two feet. It is believed that there is an underground connection with Great South bay, leading to the ocean by way of Fire Island inlet. At times, they will declare, the water is salt, and at other times fresh.

The Boy and the Bishop.

A pompous Bishop of Oxford was once stopped on a London street by a ragged urchin, who asked: "The time o' day, please your lordship."

With considerable difficulty the portly bishop extracted his timepiece.

"It is exactly half-past 5, my lad."

"Well," said the boy, setting his feet for a good start, "at 'alf-past 6 you go to 'ell," and he was off like a flash.

The bishop, flushed and furious, his watch danging from its chain, floundered after him. Just as he rounded the corner he ran into the arms of the venerable Bishop of London.

"Oxford! Oxford!" remonstrated the surprised dignitary, "why this unseemly haste?"

Puffing, blowing, spluttering, the outraged bishop gasped out: "That young ragamuffin—I told him it was half-past 5. He—er—told me to go to h—l at half-past 6."

"Yes, yes," said the Bishop of London, with the suspicion of twinkle in his kindly old eyes, "but why such haste? You've got almost an hour."—Philadelphia Record.

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, SEPTEMBER 9, 1909

POLAR DISCOVERER RETURNED.

Dr. Frederick A. Cook, of Brooklyn, the discoverer of the North Pole, returned from his Arctic journey last Saturday, landing at Copenhagen, where he was royally received. When his vessel was sighted, craft of all kinds went out to meet him. The Crown Prince of Denmark escorted him ashore and took him to the hotel in which he is the guest of the government.

Royalty has covered him with many honors. The king sent for him almost immediately after he landed, and received him in an old suit of clothes borrowed from a seaman, and later in the day the King's tailor provided the explorer with evening clothes in which to attend a banquet given in his honor.

Scores of scientists have called upon him to offer congratulations, and thousands of people have rushed to get a passing glimpse of him.

On Sunday Dr. Cook dined with the King and the royal family at the palace, and entertained them with his accounts of the Polar regions.

He expects to visit Brussels, lecture in Paris, and possibly in other cities, after which he will return to Copenhagen, and thence to New York.

Dr. Cook, in an interview with a group of reporters at his hotel, told many interesting facts.

"This time we had started out to reach the Pole, and everything else was of secondary consideration. It was not possible to carry certain apparatus, and it was impossible also to study the deep sea or take soundings.

"We carried all necessary simple instruments for astronomical observations and we were very lucky to obtain observations virtually every day. The positions noted must have been nearly correct. We had three chronometers, one watch, compasses and pedometers. All were carefully controlled by each other from time to time. The watch, however, got out of order.

"We had all the modern instruments which other explorers have had, including thermometers, barometers and sextants of the latest models. It is possible that our observations were better than those of earlier days, but I do not assert that I am perfectly familiar with making astronomical observations, especially in the polar regians. I think that all explorers will be satisfied with my data.

"The daily distance covered on the northward trip was slightly less than fifteen miles; on the southward trip it was ten miles. This is not an abnormal distance for Eskimos on the ice. They often travel fifty or sixty miles with dogs. One of the greatest advantages of our trip was that I did not take a famine route. We had game for a long time, perhaps for a hundred miles. We fed our dogs well throughout the winter in Greenland and ran them 400 miles, giving them fresh meat every day. Thus we brought them to the Polar Sea fat and well. We had the best men and the best dogs.

"We lived entirely on dried meat and beef tallow, reducing the food problem to a science. The last trace of animals we saw was a bear track at 83 degrees. Afterwards we did not even see life in the water except Algae.

"The drift of the ice during the entire southern trip was slightly south of east; the direction of the wind was generally south of west. We found several of Sverdrup's old camps. The reason we utilized silk tents on some occasions was that we were so exhausted that we hadn't strength to build a snow shed. We had carefully figured and planned everything, so that there was no surplus weight to carry. We did not run short except when we went astray.

"During the expedition we ate all kinds of meat. I like musk ox best, but we would eat bear or fox if the other was not obtainable. Everything tastes good when one is starving. We brought ten dogs back with us, the others having been eaten by their companions. We used the lasso, traps and bows and arrows to catch game. It took two months to learn how to trap a moose. One of the men shot an eider duck with arrows.

"On the return trip our provisions became entirely exhausted. No animal life was visible, and for three days we had nothing to eat. Then in a crevice of the ice we caught sight of several walruses.

"I had only a few cartridges left. I crept along the ice on my stomach, approaching the animals slowly, so as not to scare them. I expended all my cartridges, and as a result secured two of the walruses. Our lives were saved.

"We then broke up our only sledge and made bows and arrows of the wood, as do the Eskimos, and secured game with these arms.

"Again near Cape York we were virtually on the point of starvation when we found a young seal sleeping on the ice. At Cape York we found traces of musk oxen, which we tracked and killed."

"Concerning the ice around the Pole, so far as I could see, it was slightly more active there than at one or two degrees south. It drifted somewhat more to the south and east. Its general character is not very different from that at other places. We stayed around the Pole for two days, making many observations.

"I do not claim to have put my finger on the exact spot; I do not claim to have put my foot on it, but personally, I think we have been at the spot. When the observations have been figured out again it is possible that there will be found slight errors and differences, but I am certain that a gunshot fired from where we were would have passed over the Pole.

"We planted the Stars and Stripes at what we believed to be the Pole, but did not leave the flag with a staff. Instead, I placed a small silk flag in a cylinder with my card and the record of the journey with the date.

"The drift ice may carry the flag away, but to me that is a matter of indifference. I should have been very glad to have found land there. I discovered two hitherto unknown islands."

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY. } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure.

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A Terrible Crime.

One of the worst crimes in the criminal annals of Northumberland county occurred in the woods several miles from Mt. Carmel, on Thursday afternoon, and the full details are too shocking to be placed in print. William Becker, aged twenty-eight years, a young man residing at Mt. Carmel, and who is regarded as one of the most honorable and upright Christian young men of the town, left that place on Thursday morning on a trip through the woods over the mountain to secure some wild grapes. About two o'clock in the afternoon while returning, when he reached Midvalley he was held up for the purpose of robbery by two unknown Italians. Becker did not show any resistance and the two foreigners searched his pockets for money. After completing their search through his clothing and failing to find any money, cursing and swearing at him they brutally knocked him down and taking a knife they cut him and mutilated him in such a terrible manner that his intestines protruded from the wounds made and after committing the awful deed they ran away and made their escape. Suffering untold agony the young man retained his presence of mind, and incredible as it may seem, took a piece of rope and by tying it as tightly as he could around his body succeeded in stopping the flow of blood and then walked the entire distance to his home at Mt. Carmel, and told the story of his brutal assault. Physicians were immediately summoned to care for him and an examination disclosed most appalling injuries. He is in an extremely critical condition and is unable to give a description of his assailants.

Admires a Peach.

Editor Fosnot of the Watsontown *Record*, although he is somewhat of a veteran, still admires beauty when he sees it. He recently gave utterance to the following:

"We have been asked to give our serious opinion on the peach basket hat. Well, we must confess that we do not like 'em, but if there is a real peach beneath 'em, we will not kick about the hat."

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg Pa., Post Office, Miss Annie Bowers, Mr. Jno. Spitz.

Oil Proves a Nuisance.

New Material on Roads is Tracked Into Homes.

Although satisfaction has been expressed by contractors and others interested in the experiment of introducing oil into macadamized roads for the prevention of dust, there is a decided difference of opinion throughout Overbrook, near Philadelphia where the innovation has been in progress all during the summer. In fact, a number of residents of that fashionable suburb are considering getting up a petition to discover why a nuisance which has accompanied the advance of the work, and from which many of them have greatly suffered, cannot be abated.

Practically all of the roads of Overbrook–the majority of them originally macadamized–are being reconstructed, and while it is not denied that the oil has done away with the old dust problem, it would appear that conditions which have kept pace with the advance of the work, fully justify the universal indignation that has been aroused. There are several stages in the laying of the new roads, but it is only while the steam rollers are at work upon them that they are kept closed to traffic. Three layers of different materials are being placed to make up the new macadam, the experimental oils being spread on thick between. The latter is technically known as tarvae, and while it is claimed not to be tar or pitch, it has all the properties and odor of the latter and that it is most destructive and disagreeable in its effects will be vouched for by the residents along the lines of the new experiment whose homes, clothes and furniture have suffered to no small extent.

The most objectionable feature of the "nuisance" which has caused the discussion seems to be that after the oil is squirted from heated barrels upon the successive layers of macadam it practically remains in its liquid state, which condition is made more acute by a hot sun; and the stuff is carried, sticking upon shoes, into the houses in the vicinity.

GRANGERS AT CENTRE HALL.

For the Patrons of Husbandry Exhibition at Centre Hall, Pa., September 11 to 17, The Pennsylvania Railroad Company will sell special excursion tickets to Centre Hall from stations in Pennsylvania, and from Baltimore and Elmira at reduced rates (mimimum rate 25 cents). Tickets will be sold September 10 to 17; good to return until September 20, inclusive.

On account of the lack of water, the rolling mill of the American Car and Foundry Company at Berwick was forced to close down last Thursday, throwing five hundred men out of employment.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia County, Pa., and to me directed, there will be sold at public sale at the Sheriff's Office, in the Court House at Bloomsburg, county and state aforesaid, on

SATURDAY, SEPT. 25th, 1909,

at 10 o'clock a. m., the following described real estate:

All that certain piece, parcel and tract of land situate in the Town of Bloomsburg, in the County of Columbia, and State of Pennsylvania, bounded and described as follows, to wit:

Beginning at a stone in line of lands formerly of B. F. Sharpless and C. R. Kressler, thence by land of C. R. Kressler and other lands of the said E. B. Tustin, south seventy-eight and three-fourth degrees west, seven hundred and twenty-nine and one-half feet to a stone in line of lands of the Rosemont Cemetery Company, thence by the same south sixteen and one-half degrees east six hundred and twenty-five feet to a stone, thence south twenty-three degrees east six hundred and thirteen and eight-tenth feet to a stone in line of lands of Lyrera Creveling, thence by same north seventy-one and one-fourth degrees east seven hundred and fifty feet to a stone in line of lands formerly of B. F. Sharpless, thence by the same north twenty-two degrees west eleven hundred and seventy-two feet to a stone, the place of beginning, containing

TWENTY ACRES OF LAND,

strict measure.

Seized, taken into execution at the suit of Permelia E. Hulshizer vs. E. B Tustin, and to be sold as the property of E. B. Tustin.

CHARLES B. ENT,
Sheriff.

Clinton Herring,
Attorney.

9-2-4t.

NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that the following accounts have been filed in the office of the Prothonotary of Columbia County and will be presented to the Court for confirmation nisi on Monday, September 27, 1909, and unless exceptions are filed within four days thereafter, will be confirmed absolutely by the Prothonotary, namely:

First and final account of the Berwick Savings and Trust Company, Trustee of the estate of Elijah Fullmer, dec'd.

First and final account of M. C. Hetler, guardian of M. Alex. Lutz, dec'd.

First and final account of T. J. Vanderslice, Trustee of Jacob Moyer, dec'd.

FREEZE QUICK,
Prothonotary.

Bloomsburg, Pa., Sept 1, 1909. 9-2-4t.

REGISTER S NOTICE

Notice is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors that the following administrator's, executor's and guardian's accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Wills of Columbia County and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphan's Court to be held at Bloomsburg, on Monday, September 27th, A. D. 1909 at 2 o'clock p. m. of said day.

No. 1 First and final account of C. W. McCaslin, administrator of the estate of William Jones, deceased, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Pa.

No. 2 First and final account of W. H. Gable and W. A. Gable, administrators of the estate of H. H. Gable, deceased, late of Locust township, Pa.

No. 3 First and final account of W. C. Oliver, administrator of the estate of Alice Miller, deceased, late of Locust township, Pa.

No. 4 First and final account of Clyde C. Creveling, administrator of the estate of Benson H. Creveling, deceased, late of Scott township, Pa.

No. 5 First and final account of Clyde C. Creveling, administrator d. b. n. c. t. a. of the estate of Dorothy A. Creveling, deceased, late of Scott township, Pa.

No. 6 First and final account of C. D. Bowers, administrator of the estate of Catharine Bowers, deceased, late of Catawissa borough, Pa.

No. 7 First and final account of Isaiah W. Helwig, administrater of the estate of Emma Helwig, deceased, late of Locust township, Pa.

No. 8 First and partial account of M. A. Markle and D. A. Markle, administrators of the estate of Susan D. Markle, deceased, late of Berwick borough, Pa.

No. 9 First and final account of David H. Walsh, administrator of the estate of Honora Burke, deceased, late of Centralia, Pa.

No. 10 First and final account of Alice A. Richart and Lester L. Richart, administrators of the estate of W. Clark Richart, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

No. 11 First and final account of John M. Welsh and Archibald Patterson, executors of the estate of Abner Welsh, deceased, late of Orange township, Pa.

No. 12 First and partial account of Cora Conner, administrator c. t. a. and L. Creasy Conner, administrator of C. A. Conner, deceased, who was the administrator c. t. a. of the estate of George Conner, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

No. 13 First and final account of William P. Vanderslice, administrator of the estate of Clara A. Vanderslice, deceased, late of Mt. Pleasant township, Pa.

No. 14 First and final account of John S. Scott, administrator of the estate of Lydia Remaley, deceased, late of Center township, Pa.

No. 15 First and final account of Arthur B. Naylor, executor of the estate of William W. Barret, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

No. 16 First and final account of W. E. Geiger and Isaiah B. Geiger, executors of the estate of Samuel Geiger, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

No. 17 First and final account of L. B. Knorr, administrator of the estate of Samuel Knorr, deceased, late of Briarcreek township, Pa.

No. 18 First and final account of Joe. W. Helwig, administrator c. t. a. of the estate of Jacob Fetterman, deceased, late of Roaringcreek township, Pa.

No. 19 First and final account of Frank Ikeler, trustee, to make sale of the real estate of Delilah Cramer, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

No. 20 First and partial account of Elizabeth Parker, executrix of the estate of Wm. U. Parker, deceased, late of Greenwood township, Pa.

No. 21 First and final account of Anna Elizabeth Marsch (now Mrs. Perry Swisher) administratrix of the estate of Elmira Marsch, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

No. 22 First and partial account of F. A. Witman, executor of the estate of James M. Seesholtz, deceased, late of Berwick, Pa.

No. 23 First and final account of William Mensch, executor of the estate of Hester J. Barton, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Pa.

No. 24 First account of the Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Company and Elizabeth Johnston, trustees under the will of William H. Johnston, deceased, late of Bloomsburg, Pa., as stated by the Commonwealth Title Insurance & Trust Company, surviving trustee.

No. 25. First and final account of W. H. Maust and E. V. Maust, administrators of the estate of Joseph Maust, deceased, late of Madison township, Pa.

FRANK W. MILLER,
Register.

Register's Office,
Bloomsburg, Pa.
August 28, 1909.

NOTICE IN PARTITION.

In the Orphans' Court of Columbia County.

In the matter of the partition of the real estate of Abraham Stine, late of the Town of Bloomsburg.

To the heirs, Mary Stine, Bloomsburg, Pa., Sarah S. Billman, Liverpool, Perry County, Pa., Isabella Mourey, Mount Carmel, Northumberland County, Pa., Edward Stine, 36 North 8th Street, Reading, Pa., Jane Chrisman, Bloomsburg, Pa., Hattie Yeager, Bloomsburg, Pa., Mary Jones, Sagan, Northumberland County, Pa., Jessie E. Stine, Bloomsburg, Pa.

Description of the premises in question is as follows: All that certain house and lot situated in the Town of Bloomsburg, Pa., beginning at the northwest corner of West First street, and Murry Alley, thence westwardly along said First street eighty-six feet to a corner, and land of J. H. Geiger, thence northwest along the said land, one hundred feet to the eastern bank of Fishing Creek, thence eastwardly along said creek one hundred feet, to the place of beginning, whereon are erected a Double Frame House and out-buildings.

Take notice, that in pursuance of an order of the Orphans Court of the County of Columbia, aforesaid, a writ of partition has issued from said Court to the Sheriff of the said county, returnable on the 4th Monday of September Term of the said Court, being September 27th, 1909, and that the inquest will meet for the purpose of making partition of the real estate of the said decedent on Friday, September 17th, 1909, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, upon the premises, at which time and place you are requested to be present, if you see proper.

CHARLES B. ENT,
Sheriff.

Sheriff's Office,
Bloomsburg, Pa., Aug. 16, 1909.

8-19-4t.

The R. E. Hartman Store
Bloomsburg, Pa.

Summer Goods
Greatly Reduced

In order to open our Fall Stock with an entirely changed store, we are closing out everything in Summer Goods at prices most interesting to every buyer. Our new plan of doing business is to sell to every buyer at the same price and to open every season with entirely fresh stocks. No old goods at any time.

Dime Stamps With Every Purchase

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Bloomsburg, Pa.

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—DEALERS IN—
Cigars, Tobacco, Pipes, and Confectionery.
Fine Candies. Fresh Every Week.
PENNY GOODS A SPECIALITY.
HAVE YOU SMOKED A
ROYAL BUCK or JEWEL CIGAR?
ASK YOUR DEALER FOR THEM.
ALEXANDER BROS. & CO., Bloomsburg, Pa.

IF YOU ARE IN NEED OF
Carpets, Rugs, Matting and Draperies, Oil Cloth and Window Curtains
You Will Find a Nice Line at
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Pennsylvania Railroad
PERSONALLY-CONDUCTED EXCURSIONS
TO
NIAGARA FALLS
September 22, and October 6, 1909
Round-Trip Rate $7.30 From EAST BLOOMSBURG.
Tickets good going on train leaving 11:45 A. M., connecting with SPECIAL TRAIN of Pullman Parlor Cars, Dining Car, and Day Coaches running via the
PICTURESQUE SUSQUEHANNA VALLEY ROUTE.
Tickets good returning on regular trains within FIFTEEN DAYS, including date of excursion. Stop-off within limit allowed at Buffalo returning.
Illustrated Booklet and full information may be obtained from Ticket Agents
J. R. WOOD, Passenger Traffic Manager. 6-24-15t GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.